PILSENER BEER.

BECK & Co., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

Lightest, Purest, and most Wholesome in the Market.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts.
Rs. 31 per case of 8 doz. pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the label, without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

GLADE & Co., BOMBAY,
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,353 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1888.

CHA… EUVE BI…

Shipped by

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

All Connoisseurs of Champagne should taste this. We are confident they will be more than satisfied with the quality, and surprised only at its moderate price.

A sample free to… or Club.

RS. 66. RS. 66.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

VARIOUS improvements having been made for the greater convenience and comfort of passengers travelling in *the second saloon*, special attention is called to *the advantageous terms* on which *excellent accommodation* to and from Europe can now be obtained.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels'	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	Tuesday.
B.I. GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	10th July
† ASSAM	3081	300	G.W.F. Browne	17th "
B.I. SUTLEJ	4925	850	W.D. Worcester	24th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigholl	31st "
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	C. R. Edwards	7th Aug.
† ASSAM	3024	300	G.W.F. Browne	14th "
B.I. THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	21st "

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back *via* Taranto, Naples, Rome, and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

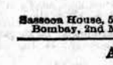
Steamers will be despatched as above on or about 18th July and fortnightly thereafter.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 2nd July, 1888.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 315, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third class respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates to Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE.

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
D. BALDUINO	4,000	800	10th July	1st Sept.
MANILLA	5,000	800	1st Aug	30th Sept.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey *viâ* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European servants and native ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100 respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
STURA	on the 14th July, 1888.
BORMIDA	on the 4th August, 1888.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Bassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 1st June, 1888.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	On or about.
MELPOMENE	A. Malusa	3,500	550	10th July.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th inst., BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed from on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

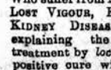
Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail. 1888.
MARIA TERESA (late TITANIA).	G. Costanzo	4,200	600	14th July.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

O. VON HOFFER,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 2nd May, 1888.

ANCHOR LINE.



BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Vessel.	Commander.	Ton.	H.P.	To Sail.
ASIA	J. Harris	3369	480	26th July.
PERSIA	R. Hutchison	3547	450	10th Aug.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES OR LIVERPOOL.

ARMENIA	G. Read	3076	480	6th Sept.

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 29th June, 1888. Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessels	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail. about
S.S. KIRBY HALL	G. Pearse	2,700	300	9th July
S.S. ASTON HALL	J. A. Hill	3,000	400	23rd July

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Passengers can book through to London Overland.

S.S. METHLEY HALL	A. Buck	3,500	400	about 11th July
S.S. WERNETH HALL	W. Boulton	4,100	500	11th Aug.

These Steamers have accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate rates. Do not carry Surgeon or Stewardess. Cabins are all on deck and forward of the Engines.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES AND CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 3rd July, 1888.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

THE First-class steamer "CLAN FORBES," 2,450 tons, Captain R. G. TAITT, will SAIL from BOMBAY for MARSEILLES DIRECT on or about the 9th instant.

The saloon and cabins are all on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort.

For cabin, plans, rates of passages, &c, apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay, 6th July, 1888.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labels thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.

ALSO MAKERS OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESCENSE

A BOON TO MEN — Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY Lost Vigour, Exhausted Vitality, Kidney Diseases, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY Co., 240A, High Holborn, LONDON.

WILLS in four different forms. Annas 8 each.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "BUSHEER," 792 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 11th July, at noon.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons (at 11 a.m., on SUNDAY, 8th July, after arrival of Outward English Mails), calling at Kurrachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder, Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Basreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "UMBALLA," 1,908 tons, on SATURDAY, 7th July, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on MONDAY, 9th July, at noon.

FOR LONDON *VIÂ* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about TUESDAY, the 10th July, at noon.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 6th July, 1888. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reductions to Family Parties and Missionaries.

Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports. Through Booking *viâ* Japan, America, Australia, &c. Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.
Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

"RANGOON GAZETTE."

THE MOST POPULAR DAILY IN BURMA.

GUARANTEED.—Double the circulation of any other paper in the province.

Rs. Under special arrangements the "Rangoon Gazette" is the only paper to which all Government advertisements and new rules and regulations affecting the province, as well as most Municipal advertisements and proceedings, are sent for publication.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,

ESPLANADE ROAD.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, Limited.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Albert Building, Bombay Managing Director.

MADRAS RACES 1889.

JANUARY 19TH, 22ND, 24TH, AND 26TH.

OWNERS and TRAINERS are reminded that the first entries must reach the undersigned by July 15th. Telegrams must be confirmed by letter.

For prospectus see "Asian" of 12th and 26th June.

The Meeting will be held under Calcutta Rules as in force on 1st January, 1888.

W. T. HAMILTON HOLMES,
Secretary.

THE RUKHMABAI DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

HAVING for its objects—(*a*) the protection of Rukhmabai against the injustice and hardship which would be involved in her being imprisond in execution of a decree pronounced by the High Court of Bombay in a suit brought against her by her husband for the restitution of conjugal rights, the case being one in which those "rights as a matter of fact have never yet been exercised.

And (*b*) The removal of the anomaly involved in punishing disobedience to a decree based on Hindoo Matrimonial law by the penalty of imprisonment,—it being a penalty which is entirely unknown to that law and is created by a British rule of Civil Procedure.

Subscriptions are urgently solicited for the objects set forth above and may be sent to the Undersigned or direct to the Bank of Bombay to the credit of the Rukhmabai Defence Fund.

JOHN FLEMING.
M. M. BHOWNAGGREE,
Hon. Secretaries.
3, Church Gate Street, Fort.

NEW STATIONERY

CAN BE HAD AT

The Bombay Gazette Office
16, ESPLANADE,
(NEXT TO THE CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOL.)

NOTE-PAPER.

	Rs. a.	
IMPERIAL TREASURY, NEUTRAL GREY REP—Albert size, extra double thick	8 0	per ream.
IMPERIAL TREASURY, VELLUM REP—extra double thick, octavo	8 0	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY, NEUTRAL GREY REP—extra thick, large octavo	8 0	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY, GREEN REP—Albert size	7 0	"
THE "CASTLE"—Double thick, cream laid, octavo	5 8	"
THICK SATIN, SUPERFINE, CREAM LAID—Albert size	3 0	"
BANK LARGE POST, Cream wove, very tough and good Post paper	2 8	"
Ditto.—Azure wove ditto	2 8	"
"RELIANCE" Note-paper, Superfine, Cream Laid, extra good quality	2 8	"
SUPERFINE CREAM Note-paper, "S. D. 5."	2 0	"

All the above are in four packets of five quires each, which may be had singly.

ENVELOPES.

	Rs. a.	
IMPERIAL TREASURY, NEUTRAL GREY REP, to match "Albert"	1 4	per 100
IMPERIAL TREASURY,	1 4	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY, VELLUM REP, to match octavo of same quality	1 8	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY, NEUTRAL GREY REP—extra thick, to match large octavo note-paper	1 8	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY, Green Rep, to match "Albert" note-paper of same quality	1 4	"
"VELLUM," strong, thick, and unglazed	2 2	per 250
COMMERCIAL BANK.—Large size envelope, as good as hand made, to match Bank Large Post, cream	4 12	per 1,000
MOTTLED GREY.—Same quality as above—beautifully finished	4 8	"
"MAGIC," Quality 11B, large size to hold a Post Note-paper	4 0	"
RAILWAY BUFF	2 0	"
"ADVERTISER," No. 4	1 14	"
"SPECIAL," No. 7, larger size, than the above	1 12	"
"SPECIAL," Superfine Cream Laid, small size	1 10	"
SQUARE No. 2.—Same size as above, but a little thinner	1 8	per 250
"GLOBE, No. 7, extra large	0 13	"
LARGE SQUARE.—For invitation cards	0 8	"

STATIONERY.

IN CONVENIENT BOXES.

OLEOGRAPH STATIONERY BOXES with brass clasp, containing 100 sheets superior Note-paper and 100 Envelopes to match	2 8	each.
"APSLEY" BOX.—Paper box, containing 48 sheets Note-paper and 48 Envelopes double thick, delicate tints, assorted	0 12	"
EXPRESS CARDS.—Very handsome cards, gilt edged, with envelopes of the latest style to match, Cream, White, Fawn, Cerulean, or Grey colour, 50 Cards and 50 Envelopes in each box	1 0	

Other varieties, from Annas 8 to Rs. 2-8 per box.

Samples of Notepaper and Envelopes free on application.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WATERPROOF CLOTHING,

STRONG, RELIABLE.
BEST MAKE.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FOODS AND DIETETIC PREPARATIONS FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

	Rs. a.
ARROWROOT, Bermuda 1 lb. tin	1 12
" Speed's, East Indian 1 lb. "	0 13
BARLEY, Robinson's Patent 1 lb. "	0 10
" Fine Pearl 2 lb. "	0 10
BENGER'S SELF-DIGESTIVE FOOD	1 4
BRAND'S ESSENCE OF BEEF, 2 oz. tin 1-4; ½lb. tin	2 4
Do. do. MUTTON, 2 oz. tin, Re. 1-8 ½lb tin	2 8
Do. do. CHICKEN, 2 oz. tin, Re. 1-12 "	3 4
Do. CONCENTRATED BEEF TEA "	1 8
Do. do. MUTTON BROTH "	2 4
Do. do. CHICKEN BROTH "	3 8
CORN FLOUR in 1 lb. tin	0 10
" " Kingsfords Oswego, per lb. Packet	0 8
GROATS, Robinson's Patent 1 lb. tin	0 10
GELATINE, Nelson's, in 1 and 2 oz. pkts., per oz.	0 5
HARD'S INFANT'S FOOD	0 12
ISINGLASS, Russian, Fine cut per oz.	0 15
LIEBIG'S INFANT'S FOOD { Savory and Moore's per tin per doz.	0 10 / 6 12
MACCARONI, Finest Genoa 2 lb. tin	1 8
MELLIN'S FOOD per bot. 15 as. and	1 10
NESTLE'S MILK FOOD	1 2
OATMEAL, Best Scotch 2 lb. tin	0 10
REVALENTA ARABICA, 3s. 6d. tin	2 6
ROBB'S NURSERY BISCUITS per tin	2 4
" RUSKS per tin	2 0
SAGO, Finest Pearl 2 lb. tin	0 9
SWISS MILK, "Milk Maid Brand" per tin	0 7
TAPIOCA, Best clean white per doz.	5 0
VERMICELLI, Finest Genoa 2 lb. tin	0 11 / 1 8

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
DISPENSING AND OPERATIVE CHEMISTS,
FURNISHERS BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY AND H. R. H THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ARTISTS' WATER COLOURS.

WINSOR AND NEWTON'S.

	Cash prices. Rs. as.
One-Shilling Cakes, Pans or Tubes each	0 10
Eighteen-Penny do. do. "	1 0
Two-Shilling do. do. "	1 4
Three-Shilling do. do. "	1 12
Five-Shilling do. do. "	2 12

BOXES OF DRY CAKE WATER COLOURS.

Six-Shilling Box, fitted with 6 Colours, Brushes, &c	4 4
Twelve-Shilling Box, fitted with 12 Colours, Brushes, &c	8 8
One-Guinea Box, fitted with 12 Colours, Brushes, &c	15 0
Two-Guinea Box, fitted with 24 Colours, Brushes, &c	30 0
Five-Guinea Box, especially fitted for Architects, Surveyors, &c., containing 16 Colours, Liquid Colours, Sable Brushes, Pens, Pencils, Chinaware, &c., &c	72 0

And other sizes.

BOXES OF MOIST PAN COLOURS.

Half-Guinea Box, fitted with 6 whole Pans of Colour, &c	6 8
One-Guinea Box, fitted with 12 whole Pans of Colour, &c	13 0
Thirty-Shilling Box, fitted with 18 whole Pans of Colour, &c	22 0

And other sizes.

BOXES OF MOIST TUBE COLOURS.

Twenty-two-Shilling Japanned Tin Box, fitted with 12 Tubes, Colour, &c	15 0
Thirty-Shilling Japanned Tin Box, fitted with 24 Tubes, Colour, &c	35 0
Seventy-Shilling Japanned Tin Box, fitted with 30 Tubes, Colour, &c	52 0

And other sizes.

For colours contained in all the above boxes, see our Illustrated Catalogue.

GOLD PAINT.
GOLD INK. LIQUIDS.
INDIAN INK. MEDIUMS, &c.
Solid Sketching and Drawing Blacks.

SCHLEICHER AND SCHULL'S SECTIONAL AND DRAWING PAPERS.

FINEST RED AND BROWN SABLE BRUSHES
SKY AND WASH BRUSHES.
BEST CAMEL'S-HAIR BRUSHES.
WATER BOTTLES. DIPPERS.
BEST CUMBERLAND LEAD ARTISTS' PENCILS.
FRENCH PASTEL CRAYONS.
CONTE CRAYONS.
ARTISTS' MATERIALS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Illustrated Catalogues on application.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

DRIVING WATERPROOF APRONS.

Fitted with Ring & Strap.
Rs. 16 & 20.

HOAR & CO., BOMBAY.

NEILGHERRY TEAS.

K. T. E
BRAND
KODANAAD ESTATES.

MR. NEUBERG begs to announce that he has been appointed Sole Agent in Bombay for the above TEAS, and is instructed to offer them at the following prices, which will be found to be considerably under former quotations for the same brands:—

Orange Pekoe	Re.	1	8	0 per lb.
Pekoe	"	1	4	0 "
Pekoe Souchong	"	1	0	0 "
Souchong	"	0	14	0 "
Mixture (Congou)	"	0	9	6 "

J. NEUBERG—BOMBAY.

NOW READY. ORDER SOON!!
300 COPIES SOLD IN A WEEK.
FEW COPIES NOW REMAIN.

VERY IMPORTANT TO LAW STUDENTS.

QUESTION PAPERS set at the Examinations of Subordinate Judge, High Court Pleader, and Pleader in the District and Subordinate Courts, with rules prescribed for these Examinations from 1869 to 1888. Price, Rs. 2-8, by V. P. P., Rs. 2-12.

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GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

PACKAGES for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

SHIPPING.—GOODS, PACKAGES and BAGGAGE shipped and INSURANCE effected when requested.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

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LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY,
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AGENTS FOR RANGOON.
THE RANGOON MEDICAL HALL.

HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY,

PHŒNIX BRAND.

THIS WHISKY has been imported for many years past by a few Gentlemen of Bombay for their own consumption, amongst whom it has attained a very considerable reputation.

The Whisky is the production of one of the oldest and largest distilleries in the Highlands, which confines itself entirely to the distillation of this specially fine Spirit.

It is not a blend, and, therefore, there is no possibility of its varying in character.

It has an agreeable odour, and a fine, full, mellow flavour, which will be much appreciated by connoisseurs.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED, have been induced to import this genuine Old Highland Whisky with a view to its introduction into the Indian Market, feeling sure that it has only to be known to be appreciated.

SAMPLES ON APPLICATION.

Cash Price, Rs. 24 per dozen.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

INVALID'S PORT.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S
INVALID'S PORT, *GOLD CAPSULE.*

FREE FROM ADULTERATION.

"How great the crime, how flagrant the abuse,
T' adulterate generous wine with noxious juice."

OF ALL RETAILERS. OF ALL RETAILERS.

CERTIFICATE.

LONDON, 13th February, 1888.

I hereby certify that I have carefully examined two bottles of Port Wine labelled "CUTLER, PALMER & CO., INVALID'S PORT," and from the result of my analysis, as stated in the Analytical Report, I am of opinion that the Wine is free from adulteration and is a good sound wholesome Port.

(Sd.) CHARLES E. CASSAL, F.I.C., F.C.S.,
Public Analyst for the Parishes of Kensington and St. George, Hanover Square,
Member of the Society of Public Analysts and of the Council of the Sanitary Institute.

ANALYTICAL REPORT.

I am of opinion that the Wine is free from artificial colouring matters, and preservatives or other adulterants, and that it is a sound and wholesome Port.

(Sd.) CHARLES E. CASSAL, F.I.C., F.C.S.

Rs. 28-8 per Dozen.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO. BOMBAY
IMPORTERS OF PURE OPORTO WINE.

SUPERFINE DRESS SUITS.

FINISHED in the best style and made up as light as compatible with good wear and appearance.

		Rs. a.
A, L & W'S	SUPERFINE WEST of ENGLAND VENETIAN. Yarn-Dyed and Lined best Silk throughout. Complete Suit	95 0
	With Rich-Corded Silk Facings, extra	5 0
A, L & W'S	SUPERFINE LADIES' CLOTH, very light and specially manufactured for wear in India, Lined best Silk throughout. The Suit	105 0
	With Rich-Corded Silk Facings, extra	5 0
A, L & W'S	OUR NEW CASHMERE and BARATHEA CLOTH, is very light and thoroughly adapted to the Climate; makes up well and will give good and agreeable wear. Lined Best Silk throughout. Complete Suit	105 0
	With Rich-Corded Silk Facings, extra	5 0
A, L & W'S	DRESS SUITS, made from the same Cloths as above, but lined with Rich Italian Cloth instead of Silk. Complete Suit	Rs. 85 0 & 95 0

Patterns, Catalogue, and Simple Self-measurement Forms will be sent on application to

ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE,
BOMBAY.

PILSENER BEER

KAISER BREWERY.

BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.

First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.

Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.

In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co.," are on the label without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COMRIGAR, SUB-AGENT.

Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

ARTISTIC NOVELTIES AND CURIOSITIES.

A SELECT LOT of IVORY NISHKIS just to hand, beautifully and quaintly carved.

Also a large and splendid selection of Japanese and Chinese Artistic ware always on hand for inspection at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES to make room for fresh goods.

Just unpacked Fresh Dry Ginger in Crystallized Sugar in two lb. tins, very nice and palatable.

EBRAHIM ADAMALLY,
CHINA BAZAAR, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL,

TWO MINUTES FROM APOLLO BUNDER,

FORT, BOMBAY.

THE only Hotel in Bombay which has English IRON BEDSTEADS with SPRING MATTRESSES.

Fine views of Bombay's celebrated harbour with full access to sea-breeze.

TARIFF, Rs. 5 per day.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.
WATCH MANUFACTURERS
AND
WHOLESALE WATCH SUPPLIERS
OFFER NOW THE WHOLE STOCK OF THEIR
NON-KEYLESS WATCHES
REDUCTION OF 20 PER CENT.

N.B.—At a Meeting of the Directors of the above Company, on the 22nd March, it was resolved that the stock of their Key-winding Gold and Silver Watches should be offered to the Public at a reduction of 20 per cent. with the exception of their McCabe's Gold Watches, on which they allow 10 per cent. only.

This concession will, no doubt, induce intending Purchasers to obtain a good Watch at a very low price.

To Mofussil Constituents—we shall be glad to send a few Watches to select from on being informed of the approximate value.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED
WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE 1888 CRICKET SEASON.

COOPER, MADON & CO., LIMITED.

CRICKETTING KIT

BY JEFFERIES, LILLYWHITE, DUKE, AND COBBETT.

BATS.

	Rs. a.
These Bats are made from finest selected wood, well seasoned, and will bear an immense strain.	
The Company's Match Bat, a superior All Cane Bat, all material specially selected each	12 0
Cobett's All Cane Match Bats each	11 8
Men's full size Treble Cane Bat. An exceedingly reliable first-class weapon, with willow handle useful for matches	10 0
Men's full size Double Cane Bat, willow handle	9 0
" " " Single Cane Bat, willow handle	8 0
" " " Practice Bat, handle and blade in one piece	5 0
Youths' Superior All Cane Bat, Polished No. 5 each	6 8
Youths' Single Cane, No. 5 "	4 8
Boys' Polished, No. 5 "	2 8
Boys' Polished, No. 3 "	1 8

BALLS.

The Company's Special Match Ball. Best treble seam each	4 8
Duke's Match Balls, treble seam "	4 10
Jefferies' Patent Cat-Gutsewn treble seam Ball. Quarter seams are stitched with Cat-Gut, which makes this Ball double the strength of any other each	5 0
Best double seam Practice Ball "	3 8
Brown Hide, Men's double seam "	2 8
Youths' best double seam "	2 8

STUMPS.

The Company's, Special Lancewood, ebony top 1¼ inch, brass bound Stumps, with set of bails set	8 0
Best, Ash Wood with revolving brass tops "	7 0
Youths Ash, 24 inch, polished "	2 0

BAILS.

	Rs. a.
Best Ebony, set of double Bails, men's wicket, 8 inches long set	1 0
Best Ash "	0 8

LEG GUARDS.

MEN'S Plain Kid, Best quality Pads, three straps pair	9 0
MEN'S Buck, superior quality, well stuffed, three leather straps pair	7 0
YOUTHS' Buck. Superior quality, 28 inches long, 8¼ inches wide, three straps pair	5 8

BATTING GLOVES.

MEN'S White Kid, rubbered with black sponge rubber pair	0 8
MEN'S White Kid, with no rubber in palm pair	0 8
YOUTHS' Buck, with grey rubber in palm pair	0 8

WICKET-KEEPING GAUNTLETS.

MEN'S Tan, with Ventilator pair	5 8
"OLD ERA" Tan, Outside Ventilator pair	4 8

CRICKET BAGS.

Scrimmage Carpet Bag, No. 17, fitted with pockets for bats and 4 bats, ball pockets, &c., 24 inches by 12 by 8 inches, as used by the Marylebone Club each 17 0

LONG STOP MATS.

Best English Make, 4 feet 6 inches by 3 feet 6 inches, 24 feet long by 3 feet 6 inches each 24 0

Scoring Books for 12 or 24 matches. The Laws of the Game.

COOPER, MADON & CO.
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

Secretaries of Clubs should write for Special Terms.

P. VUCCINI

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY

from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

MEADOW STREET, FORT,

BOMBAY.

SPECIAL HIRING RATES ON PLAIN AND COLOURED PAPER DURING THE MONSOON, INCLUDING TUNING OF ABOUT A DOZEN PIANOS.

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.
AGENTS FOR
MESSRS. SCHIEDMAYER AND MESSRS. J. BRINSMEAD AND SON'S PIANOFORTES.
OPPOSITE OLD TOWN HALL, BOMBAY.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10: Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 25 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 10. Up-country commission towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The latest shoeing Foreign under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H. M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co. London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCKS and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected, Marine, Fire, and Life.
SUPPILES of every description procured.

Terms and particulars upon application.
London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

MOTHERS, SAVE MONEY

IN DRESSING YOUR CHILDREN.

Dresses, Coats, Cloaks, Wrappers, and all garments can be Coloured over any colour desired, and look like new.

BY USING THE DIAMOND DYES.

These Dyes are far superior to all other dyes or dye stuffs not only in the bright shades, but in Black, Brown, Blue, Scarlet, Cardinal Red, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Olive Green, Maroon, Magenta, and 20 other leading colours. Full directions with each packet for colouring Cotton, Wool, or Silk goods.

SO SIMPLE A CH

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ONLY NIGHT.

POSITIVELY

THE LAST NIGHT.

WEBB'S ROYAL MARIONETTES.

LAST AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

SECURE SEATS AT MESSRS. SOUNDY AND CO.

"THE LITERARY ALBUM."

VOL. I. CONTENTS FOR JULY. No. 7.

Nature's Weather Prophets. (*St. James's Budget.*)
The Subterranean Temples of India. (*La Nature.*)
The Manufacture of Dolls at Paris. (*La Nature.*)
Arrow-Heads as Charms. (*Leisure Hour.*)
"A Little Learning." (*Welcome.*)
Some Characteristics of the Hindus: a Lecture.
Artificial Mothers for Infants. (*Illustration.*)
Explosion of an Ostrich Egg. (*Scientific American.*)
Economy of Nature. (*The Scientist.*)
Chinese Dentistry. (*New York Telegraph.*)
Illustrations of the Fables of Bidpai. (*Athenæum.*)
Carolina Clay Eaters. (*The Clay Worker.*)
Suicides in London and in New York. (*Lancet.*)
The Inequalities of Men.
Medicomania. (*Lancet.*)
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Compensation to the Drink Trade. (*Fortnightly Review.*)
GLEANINGS, SHORT:—
LITERARY, HUMOROUS, AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Annual subscription, Rs. 3; including postage, Rs. 3-6. Apply to the MANAGER, "Literary Album," care of Nipon Printing Press, Kalbadevi, Bombay. Within a short time the *Literary Album* enjoys a REPUTATION IN JOURNALISM NOT ATTAINED by any other journal of its kind in India.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Limited.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the six months ending 31st March, 1888, at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

Holders of "Bearer" shares will receive payment on or after 11th instant, on presentation of the coupons at the office here.

By order of the Directors,
A. F. SIMPSON,
Bombay, 6th July, 1888. Manager.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the inhabitants of KHETWADY and the adjoining districts will be held on SUNDAY, the 8th July, 1888, at 4 p.m., at Cama Bagh, to consider what steps should be taken to protest against the proposed erection of a Hospital in Khetwady for cholera and other epidemic diseases.

The attendance of all the inhabitants of Khetwady and the adjoining districts is earnestly requested.

CUMROODEEN TYABJEE,
Chairman of the Provisional Committee,
A. D. MODY, L. M. S., Hon. Sec.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE Southern Mahratta Railway give public notice that in accepting goods during the South-West Monsoon for despatch to Bombay or elsewhere by way of the West of India Portuguese Railway and Mormugao Harbour they do so upon the condition that in the event of the line of Railway the Train or steamer service being interrupted they may send such goods by any other available route to or *viâ* Bombay at the cost of the owner, freight being collected according to the route adopted.

When it is known that an interruption exists goods will not be received for despatch by the Mormugao route.

JAS. CRAIK,
Dharwar, 2nd July, 1888. Traffic Manager.

THE CYCLOSTYLE.

(GERSTETNER'S PATENT.)

TO BE SOLD.

A SMALL Consignment of CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's Patent), complete with the roller, inking board, pencil, and a supply of prepared paper, in case. Size of slab: 8½ inches by 6 inches. Will print two pages of note paper at one time.

PRICE, Rs. 15 EACH.

Apply *BOMBAY GAZETTE* Office, ALBERT BUILDINGS.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that GANPAT WITTOBA KOOPLAX has contracted or purchased the debts and credits of all persons having claims against or indebted to the undersigned, and that he will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the undersigned after this date.

Dated this 6th day of July 1888.

Witness:—
H. STREET, & NICHOLSON,
Meadow Street, Bombay.

NOTICES.

TENDERS are invited for the following works for the SUKKUR MUNICIPALITY, viz:—

Supply of Pumps, Engines, Pipes, and other Iron work for drainage works.

Excavation of Earthwork, Masonry, Pipe-laying, &c.,

Printed forms of tender with specification and Bills of quantities can be had on application to the Secretary on payment of Rs. 5.

Tenders must be sealed and superscribed "Tenders for Drainage Works", and must reach the Municipal Secretary not later than August 15th, 1888.

By order,
E. NASH, Secretary.
Sukkur Municipal Committee.
Sukkur, 21st June, 1888.

NOTICE.

ESTATE EDWARD STIRLING RIVETT CARNAC, late Lieutenant-Colonel in H. M's XI Hussars, and late Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief, Bombay.

Any persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estate, are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the Undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the Undersigned at his office WITHIN ONE MONTH from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the estate will be administered, and claims received after that period will not be RECOGNISED.

LOUIS P. RUSSELL,
Acting Administrators-General.
Admur-Gen'l's Office, High Court, Bombay, 3rd July, 1888.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
TEAK LOG TIMBER.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 100 tons Moulmein Teak squared Log Timber not less than 8ft. long by 15 square, for deliver, at the Company's Locomotive Depot, Parel, Bombay.

The specification and form of Tender may be obtained on application to the undersigned. Tenders must be made in strict accordance with the specification, and no Tender will be entertained in which the Company's conditions have been altered.

Tenders must be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Teak Timber," and delivered at the Agent's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (Guffire), WEDNESDAY, 11th July next, after which hour no Tender will be received.

Tenders must be accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 500, or the Tender will not be received.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 25th June, 1888.

ESTATE OF GOCULDASS GOVINDJEE OF BOMBAY, HINDU, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Persons being Creditors of, or otherwise having any Claims upon, or against the Estate of GOCULDASS GOVINDJI of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant, deceased (who died at Bombay aforesaid, on or about the 5th day of October, 1887, and probate of whose last Will and Testament was granted on the 14th day of June, 1888, applicable to the whole of the Bombay Presidency by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to Messrs. MULJEE GIGA, PURSHOTUM JAMNADAS and MUNCHERJI MERWANJI DADINA, the three Executors in the said Will, named according to the tenor thereof) are required on or before the 23rd day of July next, to send to the Undersigned at their office at No. 71, Meadows Street, within the Fort of Bombay in writing their names and addresses and the particulars of their Claims upon, or against the Estate of the said deceased, and notice is hereby given that on the expiration of such time the Executors will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the Claim of whica the said Executors shall then have notice. All persons indebted to the deceased's Estate or having property of his in their hands are hereby requested to pay their debts or hand over such property to the said Executors.—Dated this 15th day of June, 1888.

PESTANJEE AND RUSTIM,
Executors' Solicitors.

SHARE LIST WILL BE CLOSED ON 31ST JULY, 1883.

THE COIMBATORE SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act of 1882.

CAPITAL Rs. 600,000
in 6,000 shares of Rs. 100 each with power to increase.

PAYMENT: Rs. 10 on application and Rs. 15 on allotment, the remainder in calls not exceeding Rs. 25 per share at intervals of not less than 3 months, of which at least 30 days' notice will be given.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS.

R. J. H. ARBUTHNOT, Esq. (Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.), Chairman.
T. STANES Esq. (Messrs. T. Stanes & Co.)
M. R. Ry. V. THERGOVENGADASAWMY MODELLIAR Avergal, (Managing Director).
M. R. Ry. C. MUTHU RAMASAWMY KALINGA RAYEE PILLAY Avergal, Zemindar of Ookakuli.
M. R. RY. S. P. NARARSIMULU NAIDOO Garu of Coimbatore.
M. R. RY. T. M. NARRAINSAMY NAIDOO Garu of Coimbatore.
M. R. Ry. B. SEETHARAMA CHETTY Garu of Coimbatore.
M. R. Ry. C. N. KRIPARAMASINGH Avergal of Coimbatore.
M. R Ry. K T SUBRAMANYA CHETTY Avergal.
M. R Ry C. DARMALINGA CHETTY Avergal of Salem.

AGENTS & BANKERS.
MESSRS. ARBUTHNOT & CO., MADRAS.

LOCAL SECRETARIES.
MESSRS. T. STANES & CO., COIMBATORE.

SOLICITORS.
MESSRS. BARCLAY & MORGAN, MADRAS.
COWDELL & WINTERTON, GOPACAMUND.

PROSPECTUS.

I. The Coimbatore Spinning and Weaving Company, Cotton Spinning and Weaving mills in the Coimbatore District.

II. Several companies that have had for their object the erection and working of such mills have accomplished such satisfactory remunerative results that the industry may now be considered firmly established, and it is found that the establishment of these mills in the interior, where the raw cotton is produced and the manufactured products consumed, is attended with superior advantages.

III. Of the many localities which satisfy the above conditions, the Coimbatore District is entitled to special prominence. The advantages which it possesses may be epitomised thus,

(a.) It is an extensive Cotton producing country, and the Cotton grown in the District is of superior quality.
(b.) Fuel is obtainable in abundance, by rail and other ways, at moderate prices.
(c.) A ready demand for all the twist and cloth manufactured may be relied on.
(d.) Building materials are good and cheap, and labour is obtainable in abundance at low rates.

IV. A good site has been secured near the Podanur Railway station, 3 miles from Coimbatore Town, having the command of water from the Noyei River. The mill will thus be located on the main line of Railway between Madras and Beypore, whilst *viâ* Podanuar and Erode junctions, it will be easy communication with the Nilgiris, Salem, Trichinopoly, and other Southern Districts.

V. It is proposed to erect a mill containing 15,000 ring spindles of the most approved pattern, the mill will be designed on the best system and be fitted with rope-driving engines, and the boilers of the latest and best design, and the machinery will be selected, and ordered from the best makers. As plans and estimates are ready and a good site for the mills, with ample water-supply, has already been secured, no time need be lost in common cing operations, and the Directors are confident that if the shares are taken up as freely as they may reasonably anticipate, the mill will be in full operation within 18 mon ths from this date.

VI. It is estimated that the cost of the buildings and machinery, including accessories, will not exceed Rs. 550,000, leaving a balance of 50,000 for working expenses. The buildings and engine-power estimated for, will be sufficient for the accommodation and working of additional 5,000 Spindles and 200 Looms.

VII. The appended schedule No. 1 of the quotations of shares in various Spinning and Weaving Companies should give confidence to this undertaking, which, in the estimate given in schedule No. 2, is expected to yield a return of about 22 per cent. from the manufacture of Twist only. From the reports just issued for the past year it is shown that the Tinnevelly Mills earned 19½ per cent and the Bellary Mills 19 per cent.

VIII. The Directors could probably have arranged to let a complete mill provided for a lump sum, and a guarantee of a fair rate of dividend for a short term of years from the date the mill began working, but so convinced are they of the soundness of the enterprise on its own merits, that they do not care to enter into any arrangement which would practically deprive the shareholders of some portion of the profits.

IX. Application for shares should be made to the Agents, and Bankers, Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co., Madras, or to the Secretaries Messrs. T. Stanes & Co., Coimbatore;

And for the convenience of shareholders in the Coimbatore and Salem Districts the following gentlemen (Directors) are also authorised to receive applications for shares:—

C. Darmalinga Chettiar Avergal Salem.
B. Seetharam Chettiar Garu, Coimbatore.
S. P. Nararsimulu Naidoo Garu, do.

SCHEDULE NO. 1.
SHARE QUOTATIONS OF EXISTING SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Names.	No of shares.	Amount	Paid up.	Last Divd.	Cash rates.
Ahmedabad	600	1000	1000	90	1300
Bellary	871	500	all	9 p. c.	5 0 N.
Central India	3750	500	50	65	1005
Colaba Land & Mill	4000	700	700	30	750
Express	1.00	500	all	25	6974
Imperial Cotton	200	500	500	25	525
Indian Manufacturing	600	100	1000	75	1345
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1600	250	250	15	261
Jowraz Ballco	1000	100	100	50	1142
Leopold	350	10	1 0	5	147½
Madras United	250	1000	1000	120	2000
Manockjee Petit	6000	1000	all	60	12-0
Moraji Goculdas	1050	1000	1000	75	1500
Sassoon	1500	1000	1000	NIL	1500
Sholapore Mills	50	1000	1000	60	1200

SCHEDULE No. 2.
ESTIMATE OF RETURNS.

		a.	p.
Outturn of 15,000 ring spindles 300 days at 6½ oz. per spindle per day or 1,828,125 lbs. per year at 6½ as. per lbs.	R 714,11	0	0
Less	Rs.	a.	p.
Cost of 4,200 candies Cotton at 105.	441,000	0	0
Cost of producing yarn including superintendence, fuel, labor, Directors and auditors fees, agents and managers commission, &c. at 1½ as. per lb.	142,822	0	0
	583,822	0	0
Profits say 22 per cent. Rs.	130,289	0	0

HISTORY
OF
THE PARSIS
INCLUDING
THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION
AND PRESENT POSITION
BY
DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.
With coloured and other Illustrations.
IN TWO VOLUMES,
PUBLISHED BY
MACMILLAN & Co., LONDON.
BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE BOMBAY.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart-row.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL...£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND..... £800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52 THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

C. LOWELL, Manager.
Rampart Row, W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL... ... ... £800,000.
RESERVE FUND... ... ... £225,000.

HEAD OFFICE,
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4½ per cent. per annum.
And for shorter periods at rates, which can be ascertained on application.

All Letters should be addressed and Remittances made Payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Acting Agent.

PUNCTUALITY IS THE SOUL OF BUSINESS.

THE punctual man gets on and climbs the ladder of life. The unpunctual, the irregular, the untrustworthy man sinks to the lowest level. To become a punctual man, you must carry a reliable time-keeper. Everybody cannot afford a Watch, and it is often those most anxious to get on who can afford it least. It is to supply this want that the Warterbury Watch has been invented and is manufactured. Its cost is only Rs. 8-8, and yet it is a perfect time-keeper, and as such has risen into the very highest repute in England and America. It is worn by all classes, up to the very highest. Princes, Generals, Scientists, Literarians, Civil Engineers, Electricians, all wear it. Among late purchasers we may mention—Prince Albert Victor of Wales (son of the Prince of Wales), Prince William of Prussia (who sent us an order for thirty-six "Waterburys," and wears one himself). Queen Olga of Greece, the Crown Prince of Denmark, the Sultan of Morocco, George Augustus Sala, Edmund Yates (of *The World*), G. R. Sims, Professor Jamieson (of Glasgow University), Professor Edison (the World-known Electrician), etc., etc., and over 3,50,000 are being worn by the most enlightened Englishmen in the World.

The "Waterbury," although a low-priced Watch, is not a cheap Watch. It is one of the costliest in the world. Its price is Rs. 8-8, packed in a handsome Satin-lined box; but the first "Waterbury" ever made was the product of ten years' keen study, and the experimental expenditure of many thousand of pounds, and every "Waterbury" now manufactured is the result of 560 separate operations, and the product of a factory containing costly and intricate automatic machinery to the value of THIRTY LAKHS OF RUPEES.

THE WATERBURY WATCH.

IS A

KEYLESS, DURABLE, RELIABLE, ACCURATE TIME-KEEPER.

Price, Rs. 8-8. Price, Rs. 8-8.

GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS.

Repaired for one Rupee or less.

AT

ANY OF THE COMPANY'S DEPOTS.

HOW TO GET A WATERBURY.

It may be obtained from dealers in all parts of the country. From Soundy and Co., Ld., from the office of the Company, Medow Street, Bombay, or if order is sent by post to

WATERBURY, BOMBAY,
WATERBURY, CALCUTTA,
OR
WATERBURY, ALLAHABAD.

A perfect Watch timed to the minute and packed in Satin-lined box will be sent you by next mail by V. P. or Parcel post. Postage will be paid by the Company.

Insure your life by wearing a Waterbury.

The Company will pay the next of kin of any wearer of a Waterbury Watch, who may be killed (while a passenger) in an accident on any Indian Railway during 1888, the sum of One Thousand Rupees.

Clubs—Ten persons joining together and ordering ten Watches can get a reduction of one Rupee per Watch.

Chains for the Waterbury in all patterns—
Equal in appearance to Silver ... Rs. 1 4 & Rs. 2
Ditto ditto to Gold ... „ 3 0

Head Office for India,
MEADOWS STREET, BOMBAY.
BRANCH DEPOTS AT
OLD COURT HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA,
AND
JOHNSTONE GUNGE, ALLAH ABAD.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY
ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hydrabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, DISTILLERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising.*

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Rs. 1. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager of the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Esplanade Road Fort.

COLLECTION of LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay For Trust Act. Price Re. 1 interleaved Re. 2.

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld

LACE BROOCHES.—Many light, delicate, fanciful variations on the homely theme of the pin, hearts, and darts, transfixed insects, arrows, horse shoes, tennis bats, swallows, lizards, sprays, &c., Rs. 12 to Rs. 250.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

GEM RINGS.—A choice and extensive assortment, Diamond Rings, for ladies or gentlemen, Half Hoop, Solitaire, Marquise, or Cluster, at prices varying according to weight and quality. A beautiful collection of Ruby and Diamond rings, Rs. 60 to 1,000, carefully selected and artistically set hoops and clusters of Diamonds in combination with Emeralds, Sapphires, Opals, Pearls, & Turquoise.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

PORTE BONHEUR BANGLES.—Gold with small jewelled Horseshoe, Rs. 50; gold with Diamond Duck, Rs. 45; without gems, various patterns, Rs. 32 to 80.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

CEDAR PENCILHOLDERS.—Gold, Rs. 34; Silver, Rs. 8.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

CUCKOO CLOCKS.—With spring movements, Rs. 70 to 90.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES.—Matched to a nicety.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SOLID SILVER PLATE.—Presentation articles, such as Cups, Tankards, Salvers, Breakfast, and Tea Services, Inkstands, Cigar and Cigarette cases, Fish Servers, Napkin Rings, &c.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

BINOCULAR FIELD GLASSES.—A good plain glass, height 5½ in. Diameter of object lens 2½ in. Black japanned and Morocco. In solid black leather case with shoulderstrap, Rs. 45.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

THE ROVER SAFETY BICYCLE.—Weldless Steel Tube framework; Ball bearings to both wheels and crankshaft; hollow forks; adjustable patent spring; new patent Chain; best red rubber-tires; adjustable step and footrest; Lamplugh and Brown's patent saddle; enamelled black; all bright parts nickelled; front wheel, 32 in. to 36 in., hind wheel 30 in., geared up to any height desired, Rs. 320.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

THE SYMPHONIUM.—14 in. square, 7¼ high, with 12 music discs, Rs. 110.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

THE AUTOMATIC WATCH.—Indicates the progress of time by automatic changes of figures instead of by the movement of hands. Nickel, Rs. 45; Silver, Rs. 80, 85; gold, Rs. 225, 275.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOFORTE, Rs. 780.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

THE STEAM-HAMMER CLOCK.—The movements of the vertical Pendulum represent the action of a steam-hammer and the illusion is rendered complete by the reproduction of the entire machine in an elegant combination of nickelled and gilt bronze: on stand with glass dome, Rs. 220.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

THE CAMPAIGN WATCH, strong, accurate, reliable, full value. Nickel, Rs. 35; Silver, Rs. 50.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

ARTISTIC NOVELTIES in Electroplated-ware designed for presentation, a truly magnificent assortment now on view.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

POCKET MOUNTAIN ANEROIDS.—Cased in silver, indicate the altitudes attained in ascending mountains up to 20,000 feet, Rs. 90.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

18-CT GOLD TASSELLED CHAINS FOR LADIES.—A large number of new patterns for selection, each prettier than the other, Rs. 45 to Rs. 120.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SMALL GOLD WATCHES FOR LADIES.—Elegantly cased and ornamented, Rs. 50 to Rs. 250.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

DIAMOND BOUTON EARRINGS, set with perfectly matched brilliants of the purest water, Rs. 250 to Rs. 1,000.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SILVER CHRISTENING MUGS.—Elaborately decorated with a plain panel left for inscription, in cases, Rs. 40 to 60.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SILVER PAPER-CUTTER and BOOK-MARK, with or without pencil case, an attractive and useful little gift, at Rs. 4 and Rs. 6.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

INDESTRUCTIBLE THIMBLES, with steel or stone tops and ornamental borders, partially gilt, Re. 1-8 to Rs. 4.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED

NOW READY.

THE

INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE

FOR JULY 1888

CONTAINING ALL THE

SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES

OF ALL THE

INDIAN RAILWAYS,

WITH

ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS
THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA & ABROAD
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATIONS
STEAM-BOATS AND DAK COMPANIES
BULLOCK TRAINS & TRANSIT COMPANIES
AND THE
ROUTES BETWEEN THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS OF NORTHERN CENTRAL, SOUTHERN, AND WESTERN INDIA.
WITH A NEW COLOURED MAP OF INDIA

SHOWING EVERY RAILWAY STATION ON THE INDIAN LINES,
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION. RS. 5.

Postage Free.

Corrected up to the last day of going to press, and published on the 1st of every month at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

☞ The GUIDE for July has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged, and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting-point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

This Guide, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, form a very good medium for advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply to the Manage "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN BOMBAY.] ESTABLISHED 1850

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & CO.,
BOMBAY FOUNDRY AND IRON WORKS
KHETWADY, BOMBAY,
ENGINEERS, IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS, &c

ENTIRELY UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

MANUFACTURERS OF CAST AND WROUGHT IRON MATERIALS,

IRON ROOFS	CRANES	BEVEL AND ROPE
ROAD ROLLERS	CYLINDERS	GEARINGS
LAMP POSTS	GATES	ORNAMENTAL AND
GIRDERS	RAILINGS	GENERAL CASTINGS
BRIDGES	COLUMNS	

OUR Foundry, one of the largest in India, is complete with every appliance for all kinds of General, Loam and Heavy Castings up to 20-tons weight. It is under the direct supervision of a Practical European Superintendent. The Fitting Department, furnished with First-Class Machines for every description of High-Class Work, and the Smithy, are under our personal supervision. Orders entrusted to us will be promptly executed and efficiently discharged.

Machines, Tools, etc., imported through our Agents from the well-known English makers.

PLANS AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

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SARSAPARILLA.

WILKINSON'S Essence or Fluid Extract of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the only preparation recognised by the Faculty as a wonderful Purifier of the Human Blood.

Those suffering from the effects of Tropical Climates, such as Torpid Liver, Attenuation of Body, Eruptions, Debility, Lassitude, &c., &c., will by taking this Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla, soon find relief and, ultimately, a cure.

It is asserted on *reliable* authority that by taking a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.

"We recommend your RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA."—MEDICAL REVIEW.

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—SIR R. MARTIN.

The late Lord Clyde, writing for WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts, from anxiety and fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your Essence of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA cured me of a Torpid Liver when all other remedies failed."—EARL OF ALDBOROUGH.

CAUTION—See that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address, also Trade Mark, ⟨W⟩ AT THE BOTTOM OF THE BOTTLE.

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS WILKINSON, 270 Regent Street, LONDON, W.

AGENTS: TREACHER AND Co., KEMP AND Co., ROGERS AND Co., BOLTON AND Co., and PHILLIPS AND Co., Bombay, and all respectable Firms in India.

INSURANCES.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.
The LONDON and LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£ 1,852,000
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., (exclusive re-insurances) CAPITAL	M6,000,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 7,530,000
The LUBECK FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 3,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co. of 1877, CAPITAL	„ 2,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 2,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., "INSULINDE," CAPITAL	1,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£ 3,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 2,000,000
The BADEN MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M6,000,000

THE FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED, who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS. ALL CLAIMS PROMPTLY SETTLED IN BOMBAY. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.

VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.
TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest Securities, now amount to
£5,672,040-17-8 STERLING.

FIRE BRANCH.

POLICIES covering risks on MERCHANDISE, BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, issued on most favourable terms. COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSENE OIL also covered.

Fire Premiums for 1882 ... £300,000
„ 1885 ... £388,146
„ 1886 ... £300 000

LIFE BRANCH.

NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES
LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.

POLICIES granted by the UNDERSIGNED without reference to Head Office on APPROVED lives. MILITARY lives in CIVIL employ have extra premium returned.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE, payable at fixed periods ADULTS, and CHILDREN on very favourable terms.

LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 72 per cent.

REDUCTION TO EUROPEAN rates, when assured less either Alexandria or Port Said.

Accumulated LIFE FUNDS now amount to £3,257,609

GROWTHS OF FUNDS.

1871.....£2,196,972 15 8 | 1881.....£4,673,220 5 1
1876.....£3,491,530 1 4 | 1886.....£5,672 040 17 8

THOS. H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
Hummum-street.

ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE.

PUBLIC ATTENTION is specially invited to the following NEW and MOST ADVANTAGEOUS METHOD of ASSURANCE under the

TREBLE BENEFIT
ENDOWMENT POLICIES

NOW issued by this Company, which provides for a Payment to the Assured himself on attaining a specified age; or in can purchase a Pension, if he so desires, for the rest of life; or the Sum Assured is payable to his Representative at the previous death of the Assured, thus comprising in one contract the TREBLE BENEFIT of an Endowment, a Pension payable during life, or as a Family Provision payable at Death.

ENQUIRY-FORM
AS TO THE COST OF
A Sum to be received at a specified age
(or at Death, if previous),
with the ALTERNATIVE of
A Pension for Life after that age.

The undersigned having been Born on the _____ Day of _____ 18__ what would be the Annual Payment to secure Rs. _____ to be Paid when he is aged 50,* or at his death, if sooner?

Also, what Yearly Pension for the rest of Life may be obtained at the latter age, if then desired, in exchange for the above sum?

Name _____
Address _____
Occupation _____
_____ 188

Full Particulars on Application, and Forms of Proposal for effecting Assurances may be had from—

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary,
Albert Building, Bombay,
or any of the Agents of the Company.

* This may be altered to 40, 45, 55, or 60.

DR. DE ROOS'
CONCENTRATED GUTTÆ VITÆ OR VEGETABLE LIFE DROPS.

THE alchemists of old spent years in endeavouring to find out the means of transmuting the baser metals into gold, but in vain. It was, however, reserved for a physician of the 19th Century to make a far more valuable discovery in occult science—the result of deep research into the arcana of Nature's mysteries—which is here offered to the world; and the pleasing results of a quarter of a century, during which time this wonderful medicine has been tried in every quarter of the globe, all corroborate the most sanguine of the Inventor's hopes. Thousands of voluntary testimonials from grateful patients testify to the fact that from this remarkable tonic alone, new life has been imparted to numbers of debilitated individuals; and it is not too much to say that hundreds of persons are at the present day in full enjoyment of their mental and bodily powers—in thorough good health—who previously were confirmed hypochondriacs, had been given up by the faculty as incurable and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends.

This great life-reviving medicine gives vitality and strength to the most shattered constitutions. It not only strengthens the system but purifies the blood, and promotes a healthy circulation of the fluids, thus imparting strength and tone to the nerves, enlivening and invigorating both body and mind. It greatly improves the appetite and restores the digestive powers, whilst for dyspeptic persons it is unrivalled. Those who (from long residence in hot climates) suffer from langour and relaxation, as also all persons going to the East or West Indies should provide themselves with this important article on health.

Youth and age equally participate in the miraculous effects of this wondrous medicine, for whether the body be debilitated in early life, or sinking under the advance of years, a few doses will speedily afford assurance of returning health, by giving tone to the muscular and nervous systems, and through the organs of digestion renovating the whole constitution. To the young it affords health, strength, and spirits, in place of lasting ill and debility; while to the aged and infirm it assuredly furnishes great relief and comfort, by gently and safely invigorating the whole corporeal frame; and although it is not put forward as imparting immortality, it will certainly gild the autumn of declining years, and in all cases, calmly and surely protract the close of life. For females of all ages

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Cricket, Volunteer C. C. *vs.* Gymkhana, 11 a.m.
H. E. the Governor's Levee, Council Hall, Poona.
Novelty Theatre, Webb's Royal Marionettes, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—St. Bernard (s), from Cardiff; Himalaya (s), Calcutta; and Venetia (s), Hongkong.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessel sailed yesterday :—City of Canterbury (s), for Liverpool. To-day :—Akbar (s), for Aden and Jeddah.

CRICKET.—A match will be played by the offices' Cricket Club (G. I. P. Railway) against the Hindoo Cricket Club on the Esplanade, at 2 p.m.

POST GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the past month was 2,914, daily average 97; total of new admissions 1,355.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 16th ultimo was 41,896 maunds, and in money, Rs. 24,968.

A CONTRADICTION.—The announcement that a lecture would be delivered at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute to-night was incorrect. No such lecture will be given.

REPEATED THEFT.—Tarrachund Pittambur, a piece-goods merchant, reported to the police on Thursday the theft of a quantity of piece-goods, valued at Rs. 358, from his godown in Goa Street, on the Port Trust Estate.

CRICKET AT THE GYMKHANA.—The following are the names of the Gymkhana team which plays the Volunteer Club this morning (weather permitting) :—Mr. A. D. Wilkins, Dr. Wilkins, Mr. Penny, Capt. Jervois, Messrs. Young, Kennedy, Clifton, Edyvean, Vandercoe, O'Shea, and F. J. Clarke.

THE CHOLERA HOSPITAL IN KHETWADY.—As will be seen from an advertisement in another column, a meeting of the inhabitants of Khetwady and the adjoining districts will be held to-morrow, at 4 p.m., at Cama Baugh, to consider what steps should be taken to protest against the erection of a hospital in Khetwady for cholera and other epidemic diseases. Handbills notifying the meeting and bearing the signatures of some of the leading residents of the district have been extensively circulated.

FAREWELL MEETING AT GADAG.—A meeting was held at Gadag on the 1st inst., for the purpose of bidding farewell to Dr. D. Cardoz, the popular Assistant Surgeon of that station, who has recently been transferred to Hubli. The meeting was well attended, and the audience included the sub-judge of Gadag and the sub-judges of Bagalkot and Bijapur. Mr. Anant Narsinh, Jahagirdar of Hadgal, presided. An address written in English was read and interpreted in Kanarese by the head-master of the English school. Music then followed, and after the formal distribution of *pan supari*, the proceedings terminated.

A HIRED RUFFIAN.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, Inspector Holdway charged Abdoola Alli, an Arab, a noted character, before Mr. Hamilton, with being disorderly in a public place and assaulting two Memons, named Tarra Mahomed Habib and Abba Habib. Mr. D'Souza prosecuted. It appeared from the statements of Mr. D'Souza that a Memon, named Ismail Chotni, asked the men to sign a petition in favour of a relative who was involved in a caste dispute. They refused to do so, and it was alleged that the man hired the accused to assault them. On Thursday afternoon he pointed out the men in a lane to the accused, who set upon and beat them severely. Passers-by interfered and arrested the man, while Chotni ran away. In explanation the accused said he only acted in self-defence. He was sentenced to six months' hard labour. The Magistrate refused a summons against Chotni, as he was of opinion that the evidence in the case did not connect him with the prisoner.

THEFT OF A LAMP.—Narayen Anundrao was yesterday charged by Inspector Young, before Mr. P. Ryan, with stealing a brass lamp, valued at Re. 2, the property of Ranoo Mahadeo, from his house in Duncan Road, on the night of Wednesday, the 4th instant. The accused is an acquaintance of complainant, who is a sheep dealer. On the night in question the accused went to the house of complainant and was having a smoke when the complainant, having some business to transact left the accused in the room and went outside. During his absence the accused made off with the lamp, and was arrested by the police at 5 o'clock on Thursday morning whilst pledging it with a Marwarree, and upon further enquiries the owner of the lamp (the complainant) was found, who claimed it as his property. The accused, on pleading guilty to the charge, was sentenced to fourteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

A MOSQUE STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.—The tower of the Mosque in Aurangabad was struck by lightning and fell on the 1st July.—*Deccan Times.*

HIGH COURT.—JULY 7.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

To settle the minutes of an order.

126-88—Nanu and H—Ramcrushna Parshotum and another *vs* Sadanund Nathooji—Chalk, W and S.

133-89—Moreshwar L—Ruttonbai *vs* Chabildass Lalloobhai and another—Payne, G and S.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

457-87—R Skipsey—Jankidas Gooroo Sitaram *vs* Soobhansibhai and others—Tyabji and D (Part heard.)

102-88—Tyabji and D—The Hon'ble F L Latham *vs* Jankidas Bawa and others—R Skipsey. (Part heard.)

421-83—Crawford and B—Toolsidas Ludha *vs* Premji Tricumdas—Payne, G and S—Part heard.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

For Consent Decree.

177-88—Khunderao M—Cursondas Currumsey *vs.* Memon Ebrahim KhanM ahomed—Payne, G and S.

For investigation of pauperism.

17-88—In person—Misrabai *vs* Balcrushna Bapoojee and others—Payne, G and S.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Cause.

78-88—Payne, G and S—Asla Nany and another *vs* Rukhmabai and another—R Skipsey.

23-88—A F Turner.—Gunpatrao Pandurang *vs* Gajanan Govind and another.—H Bicknell. Part heard.

Long Causes.

37-88—Payne, G and S—Canji Purbut and others *vs* The British India S N Co and others—Craigie, L and O, and Hore, C and B.

41-88—Jefferson, B and D—Rustomji Nowroji Bukriwadia *vs* Sorabji Jamsetji Darcowala—Wadia and G.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Colaba. In. cts.
Previously registered	26 46	24 87	25 31	22 41
July 5, Thursday	...	...	...	2 60
„ 6, Friday	0 97	0 72	0 84	...
Total	27 43	25 59	26 15	25 1
Total corresponding date of last year	42 55	42 49	38 99	39 42

RAINFALL ON THE B. B. & C. I. R. LINE.

WE are indebted to the Agent, B. B. and C. I. Railway, for the following table of rainfall at stations along that line up to the week ending the 2nd July :—

	In. cts.		In. cts.
Bandora	20 85	Baroda	5 24
Panjoo	19 54	Mehmadabad	2 82
Vaitcrna	25 11	Ahmedabad	4 13
Palghur	19 36	Viramgam	5 15
Gholwad	27 67	Wadhwan	5 58
Daman	30 78	Dabhoe	2 25
Bulsar	25 68	Sevalia	1 51
Naosari	28 21	Godhra	2 20
Surat	15 94	Kharaghoda	2 45
Broach	5 56	Kim	7 84

RAINFALL ON THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

WE are indebted to the Agent, G. I. P. Railway, for the following table of rainfall at stations along that line up to the week ending the 29th June :—

	In. cts.		In. cts.
Jabalpur	4 36	Nasik	4 62
Sohagpur	3 64	Deolali	4 10
Raver	1 15	Ghoti	2 74
Nimbora	1 30	Nargaon	3 15
Bhadli	1 20	Warrangaon	2 16
Jalgaon	5 7	Hudgi	17 70
Sirsoli	2 6	Mohd	3 18
Bhusawad	2 81	Madha	7 90
Maheji	2 6	Barsi Road	2 30
Pachora	5 44	Keim	4 33
Kasgaon	6 16	Jehur	3 34
Naidongri	7 27	Pomalwari	1 61
Chaliisgaon	3 95	Dixal	4 68
Nandgaon	5 31	Lanowli	18 15
Manmad	1 25	Dhond	6 47
Lasalgaon	2 6	Talegaon	2 74
Kherwadi	6 51		

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP—Pure mild, and emollient.—This essentially indispensable soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence, with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency, is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the toilet and the bath. Indispensable for children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists. R. Rose, Treasurer and Co., Bombay.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AT the meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation held on Thursday afternoon, the following business was transacted :—

THE LATE SIR FRANK SOUTER.

On the motion of Mr. Dosabhoy Framji, the Corporation recorded the Government resolution, dated 9th June last, expressing deep regret at the death of Sir Frank Souter, Kt., C. S. I.

THE NESBIT LANE LEVEL-CROSSING.

Mr. Dosabhoy Framji moved, as recommended by the Town Council, that the Corporation sanction the closing of the Nesbit Lane old level-crossing subject to the conditions contained in a certain resolution of Government in the Public Works Department.

Col. Merewether seconded the proposition.

Sir Henry Morland said he had received that day a strong representation from inhabitants of Byculla, protesting against the level-crossing being closed, and adding that if it must be closed, it would be very easy to put an overbridge there.

The Acting Commissioner said he had tried all he could to induce the railway company to erect an overbridge at the place. The railway company and the Municipality had come to a sort of dual arrangement by which it was agreed to build two bridges, the cost of one being borne by the Municipality and of the other by the company. The railway company would never for their part have agreed to bear the expenditure, but for the closing of the level-crossing, and when it was found that they could not be induced to put up even a small foot overbridge, the Municipality were compelled to give way. It was impossible for the Corporation to go back from the agreement which had been come to.

Mr. Duxbury suggested that perhaps the railway company might not object to a flight of steps being put up, as was the case at the Carnac Bridge, leading to Doongree Street. The structure need not cost much, and it would be a great convenience to foot passengers.

The Acting Commissioner replied that he had suggested the very thing, but the company would not accede to their proposal, claiming that the original arrangement should be carried out, and that the whole meaning of their agreeing to bear the cost of one of the bridges was that the level-crossing should be closed.

Mr. Javerilal Umiashankar said that if it were not laid down in black and white that the Corporation should give up its right to the level-crossing, he did not see why the company should not be made to put up a flight of steps, as suggested by Mr. Duxbury. He liked to see what the agreement was and proposed that the consideration of the subject be postponed, and that in the meanwhile the papers relating to it be placed on the table.

The proposition, having been seconded by Mr. Kabraji, was carried *nem con.*

A PETITION.

The meeting next considered a petition from residents of Banam Hall Lane, asking that the lane be declared a public one.

Col. Merewether proposed that the petition be referred to the Acting Commissioner for report.

Mr. Duxbury seconded the proposition.

Mr. Bomonji P. Master asked when the Commissioner would be able to send in his report.

The Acting Commissioner said he could not give the exact date within which he would be able to send in his report. He added that, under the Act, a lane could not be taken over by the Municipality until it was paved, metalled, and lighted; and he was afraid that under the circumstances the petition would have to be refused.

Mr. Bomonji said that in that case a reply might at once be sent to the petitioners, instead of keeping them waiting for an indefinite length of time. He knew that other lanes, scarcely fifteen feet wide, had been taken over by the Municipality.

Dr. Khory said that this very lane had been metalled by the Municipality sometime ago.

The proposition, on being put to the vote, was carried.

THANKS TO THE CORPORATION.

A letter was read from Mr. Frederick W. Stevens, thanking the Corporation for entrusting to him the work of designing the construction of the new Municipal building.

On the motion of Mr. Duxbury, the letter was recorded.

The Corporation then adjourned.

PAYING OFF OLD SCORES.

SUPERINTENDENT BREWIN yesterday placed Abba Hubib and Kulloo Mean, two Memons, before Mr. Hamilton, charged with disorderly behaviour in a public place. Mr. Brewin stated that the first accused had been a complainant in a case which his Worship had disposed of that morning, having sentenced a man to six months for assaulting him and another. (The case is reported elsewhere.) After leaving the court he with several others went straight to the street in which is situated the mosque in dispute among the caste, and waited near it. As soon as Chotni, the person credited with having instigated the assault on the accused, came out of the mosque, they set upon him. The accused, Hubib, hit him on the forehead, and then with an umbrella on the mouth. Chotni defended himself, and returned the blows. A lot of people interfered, and several policemen, who had been purposely placed there and witnessed the affray, arrested the prisoners. Evidence of the above fact was adduced, and the first accused pleaded that he had acted in self-defence, and the other man averred he had been [illegible] parties.

Mr. Hamilton disbelieved the story of Hubib, and remarked that that very morning he had sentenced a man to jail for six months for assault. With that example before him accused had now committed an assault himself. His Worship passed a sentence of three months' hard labour, while he warned and discharged the other, believing he really had interfered to quell the disturbance.

After the case had been disposed of, Mr. Brewin applied to his Worship for a summons on the leading members of the caste and those of either faction. His Worship would be aware there were factions in this caste, and if they could be brought to show cause why they should not keep the peace there would be no more disturbances in the Moolah.

Mr. Cumroodin Tyabjee, who watched the case on behalf of the leading members of the caste, objected to his Worship doing anything of the kind. He did not think any such proceeding would bring about the end the police desired. In fact, it would just be the means of increasing ill-feeling between several of the leading members, for if they were brought into the court it would be a great disgrace to them, which would satisfy their opponents, who wanted to see them disgraced. The members of the *jamat* purposely kept out of the court, and if they were brought by the police there they would feel the step very much, and it would increase their animosity. Mr. Cumroodin at least hoped his Worship would take evidence in the matter before he allowed such a slur to be cast on the *jamat*.

Mr. Brewin explained that it was owing to the constant complaints of both parties that prompted him to make his application.

His Worship said he was quite aware, from the several cases he had disposed of, of the existence of ill-feeling among the members of the caste. They had often come before him with trivial disputes, and he had been sorry to see Mr. Chotni bring influential members of his caste into court on such charges. His Worship had merely warned and discharged the men and trusted to the members exerting their influence, to stop further disputes in the caste. It was not creditable to the *jamat* that they should come to the courts so frequently in trivial cases. His Worship now hoped that this would be the last occasion on which he would see any of them before him. He did not think a summons was necessary, trusting that what he now said would be sufficient for the purpose.

JUVENILE THIEVES.

AT the Fort Police Court yesterday, Superintendent MacDermott charged three Mussulman lads, before Mr. Crawley-Boevey, with stealing pieces of sulphur, valued at Rs. 2-8. The boys were caught red-handed at Mody Bunder. The case had been remanded to enable the police to trace the relatives of the youngsters, as his Worship was of opinion they had been put up to steal and to lead criminal lives by other people behind the scenes. As a result of his inquiries Mr. MacDermott said one of the boys had a father, another a brother, and the third no relatives. The father gave the boy a very bad character, and mentioned that he had once to chain him in the house.

His Worship remarked that they had better chain him up in the Reformatory. (A laugh.)

The father was called, and stated that his son is a bad boy and that he had to chain him up in the house, but that he broke loose and ran away. He could not manage him.

His Worship: Perhaps the best plan will be for the *sircar* to look after him. It won't be necessary to chain him there, and he will learn to gain an honest livelihood.

The brother of the other boy promised to take charge of him, and take him away to his country. His Worship then ordered the boy to be given eight stripes and made over to his brother.

The last boy, after denying he had any relatives, admitted he had a mother in Kalyan and an uncle in Bombay. His Worship said that the best thing to do with the lad was to give him a few stripes and make him over to his uncle.

In connection with this case a Mahomedan, named Dawood Khan, was charged with dishonestly receiving some of the sulphur, which had been sold to him by one of the boys. He denied knowing it was stolen, and added he had lately come to Bombay. He bought the sulphur for medicinal purposes.

His Worship: How much did you pay for your medicine?

Accused: Four pice.

His Worship: Rather cheap medicine, isn't it?

Accused: What does a new man know. (Laughter.)

His Worship: Are these your medical attendants? (Laughter.)

The accused said they were not. He was a new man and innocent. After the sulphur was proved to be stolen property, the magistrate made further inquiries of the man, with a view to ascertain if he had prompted the theft, and then adjourned the case for further investigation by the police.

WELLS' HAIR BALSAM.

If gray, restores to original color. An elegant dressing, softens and beautifies. No oil nor grease. A Tonic Restorative. Stops hair coming out; strengthens, cleanses, heals scalp.

SKINNY MEN.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Debility. At chemists and druggists. —Cooper, Madon & Co. (Limited), Sole Agents, Bombay.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 5.

(Before Mr. Justice Birdwood and Mr. Justice Parsons.)

OFFENCE OR NO OFFENCE.

THE EMPRESS *vs.* FAKIRGWADA BIN IRANGWADA.

THIS was a reference to the court by Mr. Spence, District Magistrate of Dharwar. The accused was convicted by Mr. Bhimrao Venkatesh, third-class Magistrate of Hubli, of criminal trespass under section 447 of the Indian Penal Code, and was sentenced to pay a fine of five rupees, with the alternative of four days' simple imprisonment. Mr. Spence, in making the reference, expressed his opinion that no offence was committed. The circumstances of the case were these :—On the 18th March last, an anonymous petition, purporting to be sent by the inhabitants of the village of Murali in the Hubli Taluka was received by the Mamlutdar. It stated that the accused had encroached on a public road by building a wall on it, enclosing a space 11 cubits by 7, and had bribed the village officers to suppress the matter. On the 23rd April, the third-class Magistrate held a "panch" and prepared a "panchnama," in which the allegations made in the anonymous petition were certified as correct. The next day the patel of the village was examined on solemn affirmation by the third-class Magistrate, and he corroborated the fact of the encroachment. The Magistrate then tried the accused and found him guilty of trespass under section 447 of the Indian Penal Code. The accused pleaded not guilty, stating that he had built the wall under the impression that the ground enclosed was his. Mr. Spence was of opinion that no offence had been committed. The offence of trespass could only be committed with respect to land in possession of some person or persons, and could not be held applicable to waste lands or public roads. If criminal action was to be taken, it should have been under Chapter 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Their lordships, in disposing of the reference, said: Under section 37 of Bombay Act 5 of 1879, all public roads are the property of Government, and it must be taken that the public road encroached upon by the accused was in possession of the local Government officers on behalf of Government. The judgment of the third-class magistrate, however, contains no finding as to the accused's intent. In the absence of any finding that he encroached on the land with such intent as is contemplated in section 441 of the Indian Penal Code, the court reverses the conviction and sentence, and directs that the fine, if paid, be refunded.

A WRONG APPLICATION OF THE LAW.

THE EMPRESS *vs.* MOTIDAS BABA GODASEE.

THIS was a reference to the court by Mr. W. W. Loch, District Magistrate of Khandeish, on a point on which he thought a first-class Magistrate had wrongly applied the law. A complaint was made against the accused before Khan Bahadoor Ruttonjee Eduljee Kanga, first-class Magistrate, under section 506 of the Indian Penal Code, but the matter was allowed to be withdrawn by the complainant. On examining Mr. Kanga's criminal returns for the month, Mr. Loch observed that he had wrongly applied the provisions of section 248 of the Criminal Procedure Code to the trial of a warrant case, and he accordingly called for the papers in the case. The Magistrate, in submitting the papers reported that, although the offence was not compoundable, he had permitted the withdrawal of the complaint under a ruling of the High Court. Mr. Loch referred to the ruling in question, and also to the case of the Empress *vs.* Dewana alluded in that ruling, and found that, in that case, a charge had been brought against Dewana of house-breaking. The first-class Magistrate dismissed that case, as the parties had come to an agreement. The High Court held in that case that the Magistrate meant to discharge the accused under section 245 of the Criminal Procedure Code (section 253 of the present Code), and remarked that this section was useful in many cases where a strict application of criminal law was undesirable. Mr. Loch presumed that in that case the High Court meant that, in cases coming under the latter part of section 506 of the Indian Penal Code, the Magistrate, though he could not allow the offence to be compounded, might discharge the accused. The present case was, however, a warrant case, and, in following the spirit of the High Court ruling referred to above, the Magistrate ought to have discharged the accused under section 253 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. The order permitting the withdrawal of the complaint under section 248 of the Criminal Procedure Code, passed in the present case, was therefore illegal, and Mr. Loch recommended that it should be quashed, and a proper order passed by the High Court under the authority vested in them by section 439 of the Criminal Procedure Code, Act 10 of 1882.

Their lordships, in dealing with the reference, said: Following the ruling in the Empress *vs.* Dewana (I. L. R., Bombay), we hold that the first-class magistrate permitting the withdrawal of the complainant is equivalent to an order of discharge under section 253 of the Criminal Procedure Code; and it is unnecessary for us to interfere with that order.

A DOUBLE CONVICTION FOR DACOITY.

THE EMPRESS *vs.* BHIKA YESSOO AND HARI BHEWA.

THE two prisoners in this case were, on the 10th December last, convicted by Mr. Baker, Sessions Judge of Nasik, of dacoity and were sentenced each to transportation for ten years. An appeal, preferred by the accused against this conviction, was [illegible] the accused had already been convicted by the Chief of Jauhar; and he was in doubt as to whether the sentence passed by him should commence at once or after the accused had served their first term. He therefore referred the matter to the High Court.

Their lordships held that the order made by the Chief of Jauhar could not be regarded as part of the judgment of the Sessions Judge, which could not be altered or reviewed after being signed. The Sessions Judge was therefore directed to make such order as to the date on which the sentence of transportation was to commence as he might consider desirable and as might be legal.

SRIRANGAM PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION.

THE anniversary of the Patriotic Association of Srirangam was celebrated, on Sunday last, at Thai Ther Mantapam, Srirangam, when Mr. P. Duraiswami Aiyar, Principal District Munsiff, Trichinopoly, presided. There was a very large gathering, representative of all classes of the community. The chairman, in opening the proceedings, explained the object of the association and its present meeting, and introduced Mr. N. M. Raghamaiyangar, the secretary, who read an encouraging report.

The chairman, who was received with loud cheers, said that the very name of the association itself implied that it was innocent, useful, happy, and most loyal, and at the same time desirable and necessary. The members evinced a great and glowing interest in the welfare of the masses. The very title showed that the society had virtue, goodness, and humanity to a very great extent. After dealing at considerable length about moral education and other subjects, the chairman concluded his speech by saying that the Patriotic Association had even attracted the attention of the Government, and he prayed for its continued happiness, prosperity, and success.

Mr. S. raghanaiyangar, First Grade Pleader and Mirasdar, delivered an impressive and elaborate lecture in Tamil about the aims and objects of the National Congress.

Mr. R. K. Veeraswami Avengar, B. A., president of the Association, in a short speech thanked the chairman for his genial presence on the occasion. Cheers were proposed and cordially given. The distribution of *pan-supari* and the sprinkling of rose water brought the proceedings to a close.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

* Genl Sir George White, London.
* Capt B Spragge, London.
Capt McFee, London.
* Capt Bolders, RN, London.
* Mr D Findlay, London.
* Mr E Rothe, Tellicherry.
Capt and Mrs D E Butts, Poona.
Mr J Thomason, Nagpur.
Mr J North, Nagpur.
* Mrs A Muir, Mount Abu.
Mr J Strandes, Zanzibar.
Mr F Otteos, Zanzibar.
* Capt and Mrs McDonnell.
* Mr R McClay, Peshawar.
Mr and Mrs J F Walker, Bombay.
* Col Sexton, Poona.
* Surgn-Maj K. Downie, Peshawar.
* Col J Stead, Fyzabad.
* Mr and Mrs R Ellis, Calcutta.
* Mr H Shields, Simla.
* Mr and Mrs W. Hexton, Surat.
Mr S T Gresham, Calcutta.
* Mr W S Marshall, Calcutta.
* Mr T Fouracres.
Capt Beck, Bhownuggur.
Mr A Canney, Bombay.
Mr W Terry, Bombay.
Mr F Place, Bombay.
Lieut S Craster, RE, Bombay.
Mr H Lucostadt, Burma.
Mr M Sohwer, Bombay.
Mr H Weston, Bombay.
Mr A Conley, Bombay.
Mr W Barrett, Bombay.
Mr J Hall, Bombay.
Mr B Schnable, Bombay.
Mr R G Webb, Bombay.
Mr C Brendon, Bombay.
Surgn S Hussan, Bombay.
Mr W N Cresswell, Bombay.
* Comr W L Morrison, RN, Bombay.
Lieut H Kennedy, Bombay.
* Maj W Taylor, Burma.
Mr F G Mackrow, Bombay.
Mr Shedlod, Bellary.

Residents left during the week marked (*) thus.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, July 6.—The barometric changes are generally small and of little importance. The barometer has fallen in western and southern India, and risen in north-east India. The depression in North-West Provinces has nearly filled up, and is now an unimportant centre of residual circulation between Lucknow and Bareilly. Winds are lighter at the head of the Bay, and unchanged on the west Coast. The temperature has increased in the Punjab, three degrees; and the Central Provinces, two degrees. Rainfall is less in amount yesterday and more partial and local in character. The distribution of yesterday's rainfall is indicated by the following :—Ratnagiri, Goa, and Akyab, three inches; Karwar, Bombay, Moulmein, and Burdwan, two; Poona, Jubbulpore, Saugor, Calcutta, Darjeeling, Patna, Gya, Hazaribagh, and Ranikhet, one.

THE SWEETEST PERFUME is "BOMBAY WILD FLOWERS" Re. 1 per bottle.—COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited.

AFFRAY AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY WORKSHOPS.

YESTERDAY evening, a serious affray took place between the Parsees and European and Eurasian lads employed at the G. I. P. Railway Workshops, at Parel, near the Currey Road Station. The latter, who scarcely numbered sixteen, were most severely handled by the Parsees, who numbered about two or three hundred. The European and Eurasian lads had eventually to take to their heels, pursued by the Parsees, by whom they were overpowered and belaboured with sticks and umbrellas, some of the lads being seriously injured.

The affray, it appears, was caused by a Parsee named Bomonjee, who is a chargeman in the erecting shop at Parel, on Thursday, insulting a Eurasian lad named Dawes who retaliated by calling him a "crow." After work was over in the evening, while the European and Eurasian boys were returning home, they met Bomonjee, whom they surrounded and threatened to assault. Seeing the lads were determined on mischief Bomonjee apologised for the insult he offered to Dawes, which the lads accepted. Bomonjee subsequently brought the matter to the notice of some of his fellow workmen, and when the B. B. and C. I. Railway train arrived at the Grant Road Station with some of the G. I. P. Railway Parsee workmen, they assaulted a lad named McCarthy, who was amongst them. McCarthy, on going on duty yesterday morning, mentioned the matter to some of his mates who, at the close of their work, resolved to return home in a body, lest they should be further molested by their assailants. Their anticipations did not prove groundless, for they were attacked by a number of Parsees on nearing the Curry Road Railway station. Amongst the lads who were more or less injured were Waite, Rivett, Kay, McCarthy, and several others. At the railway station, the Police had to interfere and suppress the disturbance.

THE PUNISHMENT OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

MR. K. N. SHROFF, Secretary of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, writes :—

When the very worst and most outrageous cases of cruelty to animals are placed before the Magistrates every now and then by the agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and punishments to offenders seldom go beyond the imposition of a fine of a rupee or two, it would be incomprehensible to many, and particularly to the Presidency Magistrates in this city, how the Magistrates in such an enlightened country as England deem it desirable or necessary to inflict on offenders for cruelty to animals such heavy punishments as six weeks' hard labour, and £8-1 as a fine, as it will appear from the subjoined list made from a monthly return of convictions recently read at a council meeting of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. It is reproduced from the June number of *The Animal World*. I commend the list to the attention and study of our local lenient Magistrates without any comments.

The following is the extract referred to by Mr. Shroff :—

HEAVY PUNISHMENTS FOR CRUELTY.

The following extract, made from a monthly return of convictions recently read at a council meeting of the R.S.P.C.A., is commended to the attention of lenient Magistrates, with the statement that an average of rather more than four hundred convictions are obtained by the officers of the Society every month.

The most extraordinary items in the extract refer to the starvation of animals during winter months, which is a source of cruelty every year, and has been particularly so during the trying weather of this year. It it strange that men, acting from mistaken views of economy, or from sheer parsimony, or from indifference, or from poverty, should deprive their animals of food until they are brought near to death or die; but the history of our cause shows this sin is not uncommon. If the spring be late, and there is no grass on the land, and oats are scarce, bad stock-keepers either will not, or cannot buy, hard food. In either case they should be punished. Cruelty proceeding from avarice deserves no consideration, and a poor man ought to sell his stock instead of starving them to death. The fault arises from hoping against hope, day by day, that a change of weather may come which will make the grass grow; and, no change taking place, drifting into absolute cruelty to defenceless creatures.

Starving horses	—six weeks' hard labour (Wandsworth).	
Do.	do.	—one month's hard labour (Newport I. W.).
Do.	do.	—one month's hard labour (Ongar).
Do.	do.	—fourteen days' hard labour (Liverpool).
Do.	do.	—£5 15s. 6d. (Torquay).
Do.	do.	—£5 19s. (Staines).
Do.	do.	—£5 15s. (Beckington).
Do.	do.	—£5 6s. (Beaminster).
Do.	do.	—£4 (Hemel Hempstead).
Do.	do.	—£3 8s. (Patsley [illegible]).
Starving	do.	—£2 12s. (Droitwich).
Do.	do.	—£3 1s. (Ensingwold).
Do.	do.	—£5 3s. (Newport, I. W.).
Do.	do.	—£5 (Beaminster).
Do.	do.	—£4 4s. 6d. (Exeter).
Do.	do.	—£4 4s. 6d. (Axminster).
Do.	do.	—£3 8s. (Alton).
Do.	do.	—£3 5s. 6d. (Southampton).
Do.	do.	—£3 3s. (Oakham).
Do.	do.	—£3 (Cranbourne).
Do.	do.	—£2 14s. 6d. (Long Sutton).
Do.	do.	—£2 10s. 6d. (South Molton).
Do.	do.	—£2 10s. 6d. (South Molton).
Do.	do.	—£2 (Oakham).
Do.	do.	—£2 (Oakham).
Starving a donkey	—one month's hard labour (Chesterton).	
Starving pigs	—£6 15s. (Malling).	
Starving a dog	—one month's hard labour (Manchester).	
Do.	do.	—one month's hard labour (Farnham).
Working a lame or wounded horse	—one month's hard labour (Greenwich).	
Do.	do.	do.—14 days' hard labour (Portsmouth).
Do.	do.	do.—14 days' hard labour (Wandsworth).
Do.	do.	do.—£6 2s. (Manchester).
Do.	do.	do.—£6 1s. (Torquay).
Do.	do.	do.—£3 (Sevenoaks).
Do.	do.	do.—£5 17s. (Pontefract).
Do.	do.	do.—£5 7s. 6d. (Leeds).
Do.	do.	do.—£5 2s. (Cannock).
Do.	do.	do.—£3 12s. 6d. (Wandsworth.
Beating a horse	—one month's hard labour (Westminster).	
Do.	do.	—one month's hard labour (Framlingham).
Do.	do.	do.—21 days' hard labour (Westminster).
Do.	do.	do.—21 days' hard labour (Greenwich).
Do.	do.	do.—15 days' hard labour (Malling).
Do.	do.	do.—£4 4s. (Brighton).
Do.	do.	do.—£4 1s. 6d. (Exeter).
Beating a bullock	—14 days' hard labour (South Shields).	
Beating a donkey	—one month's hard labour (Penarth).	
Beating a donkey	—one month's hard labour (Penarth).	
Beating a mule	—14 days' hard labour (Wigan).	
Spurring a horse severely	—£3 (Newbury).	
Travelling a lame horse (unharnessed)	—one month, hard labour (Colchester).	
Travelling a lame horse (unharnessed)	—£3 3s. (Colchester).	
Overdriving a horse	—one month's hard labour (Manchester).	
Overdriving a horse	—£3 10s. 6d. (Manchester).	
Travelling a pig when lame	—1 month's hard labour (Winchester).	
Putting tobacco juice into the eye of a bull	—14 days' hard labour (Liverpool).	
Stoning a swan	—£1 11s. 6d. (Chesterfield.)	
Fighting cocks	—12 aiders and abettors each £1 2s. costs (Royton.)	
Fighting cocks	—2 handlers £3 12s. each (Royton).	
Assaulting a witness in ditto	—£9 12s. (Newton Abbott).	
Infringing knackers' sections of the Act	—£3 9s. 6d. (Canterbury).	

Another remarkable feature in the extract we have made from a month's work of the officers of the Society, is the disposition of the Magistrates to inflict severe punishment. Some of our readers will cavil at this remark, contending that the sentences are even too lenient; and we agree in this remark as applied to the most flagrant cases of cruelty wantonly caused, which, if it were possible, should be punished by *lex talionis*. Nevertheless, the above punishments represent much, and in some cases terrible suffering to human beings, undoubtedly deserved, and yielding, let us devoutly hope, tribulation that will make the offenders reflect on the heinousness of their wickedness.

THE Committee engaged in making arrangements for celebrating the tercentenary of the defeat of the Spanish Armada, and decided provisionally on the most conspicuous site on the Hoe for the Armada monument. For hundred pounds is to be expended in a grand historical pageant on the occasion. The vessels of the Channel Squadron coast-guard reserve and training brigs received orders to rendezvous in Plymouth Sound on July 21. In the evening they were to give a display of fireworks and at midnight make a sham attack on the forts, the troops of the locality, and possibly the Volunteers, being engaged in the defence.

SOME singular disclosures were made at the Brighton Bankruptcy Court recently, when "King Solomon," leader of the Army of the Lord at Brighton, whose real name is Wood, was publicly examined. It transpired that prior to coming to Brighton the debtor had lived in Australia, working first as a miner and then as a mining broker. After this he commenced Evangelistic work, but represented no sect, and lived on what he received by preaching. There were between forty and fifty members of the Army living at Brighton in seven houses and supported by the funds received. The examination was adjourned.

THE MACGREGOR MEMORIAL.

THE ceremony of unveiling the portrait of the late Sir Charles Macgregor took place in the rooms of the United Service Institute at the Town Hall, Simla, as reported in our telegraphic columns on Tuesday last. A guard-of-honour of the 5th Gurkhas and the band of the Simla Volunteers were drawn up opposite the main entrance to the Town Hall, and received in due form both the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief. All Simla's notabilities, from the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab downward, attended, and the room was all too small for the audience, who listened attentively to the soldierly, straightforward speech in which Sir Frederick Roberts sketched the life and career of the upright man, the intrepid traveller and the brilliant soldier. In conclusion, the Commander-in-Chief read extracts from the papers of the Macgregor Memorial Committee, giving details of the sums collected both in India and at Home, and detailing the future disposition of the gold and silver Macgregor medals.

The Union Jack which veiled the picture, hung in a wooden alcove at the end of the room, was drawn aside, and the audience were at liberty to judge of the merits of the portrait, which was flanked by crossed Martini rifles with a pair of crossed tulwars below.

The Viceroy concluded the function by the following speech :—Ladies and Gentlemen, I have been called upon to close the proceedings, but do not know that there is anything for me to add to what has already been so feelingly and admirably said on this impressive occasion by his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief. We are assembled to do honour to the memory of a brave and noble soldier, and I am glad to have this opportunity as head of the Government of India to testify, by my presence to the high estimation in which we held Sir Charles Macgregor. He was also my personal friend; and on that account, too, it is most grateful to my feelings to be here. Not among the many distinguished Captains I have known could I mention one who came nearer in martial bearing, love of his profession, devotion to duty, and knowledge of the art of war, to the ideal of a powerful, chivalrous warrior. (Applause.) Shortly before his death I had the satisfaction of conferring on him the command of the Punjab Frontier Force; and as we gaze on this admirable likeness I can safely say that we would you find a better type of a gallant Lord Warden of the Marches? (Applause.) Though he died of sickness in Egypt, he had as undoubtedly sacrificed his health and life to the service of his country as did any of those of his brave countrymen who have fallen on the field. (Applause.) This tribute of respect we are paying to his memory is indeed but a poor consolation for his loss. But while on the one hand there is one to whom the knowledge of what we are doing in her husband's honour will be specially grateful, on the other, the simple and unostentatious ceremony will witness the des

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The rates for these advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding [illegible] words each succeeding line, As. 8. No [illegible] admitted under the scale.

A LL say [illegible] wonderful how SHROFF [illegible] their Wine Glasses at one [illegible] two annas. Crockery beyond [illegible]

AUCTION SALE [illegible] of the late Mr. J. L. [illegible] sehold furniture, semi-grand [illegible] nake, &c., at No. 4, Grant's [illegible]

WANTED [illegible] 28th Pioneers, perma- [illegible] Kirkee, a BUGLER, who will [illegible] of Bugle Major. He must [illegible] ent instructor. A Gonchi [illegible] o enlist.—Apply to the O. C., [illegible]

WANTED SITUATION up-country, by a [illegible] graduate of a respectable [illegible] knowledge of English.—In- [illegible]

TASMANIA JAMS, fresh supply to hand, [illegible] per dozen.—CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Fort, Bombay.

COOKING and WARMING STOVES; new Illustrated Catalogue issued free.—CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Medows Street, Fort.

TASMANIA JAMS, purchase only from fresh stock, to be had only at the CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Bombay.

UMBRELLAS and WALKING STICKS of the latest fashionable edigns, strong and durable.—CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Fort, Bombay.

TO LET, an airy FLOOR facing the Clock Tower Gardens, suitable for office or dwelling. Rent, Rs. 150 per month.—Apply E. W. FLOWER, Humum Street.

TO LET, large and commodious GODOWN, No. 52, Tamarind Lane, below Messrs. Morarjee Gokuldas and Co. For rent, &c., apply to SORABJI HORMUSJI BATTLIWALLA, No. 1, Borah Bazaar Street, Fort.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, Bombay. Terms per diem, Rs. 4.

ROYAL FAMILY HOTEL, POONA.—First-class upper-storeyed Hotel, best and very airy situation. Every comfort to Families and Single Gentlemen. Terms moderate.—FRAMJI DADABAI & Co.

KNOWLEDGE of Drawing not necessary. Lessons to Ladies in Lustre Paintings, Kartaline Canvasing, Crystoleum, Painted Lace, Porcelain Painting and Crewel Painting by a Diplomaed Lady. Terms at Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Byculla.

MATERIALS for Crystoleum Lustre, Canvasing, Crewel Paints, Dresden Art Lustre, Velvet Photographs, Designs drawn to order. Also Photos painted in Crystoleum, Canvasine and Kartaline from smallest to largest size. Address by letter "ARTISTE," care of this Office.

PEARSE'S BREAD-VAN STOPS at the KOLLAH CHOWKEY, Parel Road, every morning, from 6-45 to 7 o'clock.

CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's patent). Prints two pages of note paper at one time. Price, Rs. 15. To be had at *Gazette* office.

CORSETS, various makes and sizes, slightly soiled, selling off at Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 per pair.—Mrs. TAYLOR'S, 25, Medow Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE, an English-rigged YACHT. Fast and strong. Sails and Gear complete.—"MALBAUT," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

VEVEY CIGARS.—Direct from ORMOND & Co., Switzerland. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES. FOR CASH OR EASY TERMS. 8, CHURCH GATE STREET.

AMMUNITIONS for AIR-GUNS.—SHOTS, 1,000, Rs. 4; Darts, 1 dozen, Rs. 1-8. L. STEFFENAUER, 8, Church Gate Street, Fort.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English and Indian Designs made to Order.—Chuckla, No. 6.

CEYLON TEA, as used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club, and Poona Club. Sample Tins of 4 lbs. obtainable at the Offices of Mr. PHIPSON & Co.

FOR SALE, Five Black and Tan Terrier Pups, well bred and well marked, two months old. Also one five months old.—Apply to Stephens and Sons, Girgaum.

JAS McCABE'S Genuine Gold open case and Hunting WATCHES. Suitable for presentation to Ladies and Gentlemen.—Apply to the Chubb's Box and Lock Mark, Fort, Bombay.

WATERPROOF SUITS, WATERPROOF SUITS.—Just opened, Waterproof Suits, from Rs. 8 per Suit. "Extra Quality, Rs. 14, Net Cash.—JOHN FARST & Co., 16, Meadow Street.

DIRECT from DANIEL BERRY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MACKILLOP, CRAWFORD, 31, Queen Street.

JUST ARRIVED per s.s. "Ganges," Leggings, Overshoes, Long Boots, and all sorts of Monsoon season Boots and Shoes.—Hussenally Moolla Hakimjee and Brothers', Shop No. 1, Crawford Market.

GOODS of every description, purchased at the lowest market prices, and promptly forwarded to all parts of India. Commission very moderate.—MANNY & Co., General Agents, 99, Meadows Street.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARES, a choice and varied Collection from one of the best manufacturers. Presentation Cups, Ice Pails, Salvers, Potts, Crust Stands, Flower Baskets, &c., &c.—ALLEN BAIN & Co.

CUTLER, PALMER'S INVALID'S PORT.—A good, sound PORT, free from acidity and adulteration; approved and recommended by the Faculty. Ask for Cutler, Palmer's specialities. Rs. 28-8, at all dealers. But examine cork, label, and capsule.

BARON THORNTON'S RIDING and DRIVING BIT COMBINED. We have now received the last consignment of these celebrated bits forming seven different combinations, suitable for all horses. See testimonials.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO. PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., Ld., has been with recent improvements and five sets of rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to IMPORTER, care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"

is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, headache, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY. 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government stamp. Insist on having these and none other.

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Extracts teeth under N. C. Gas.

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Opposite to P. W. Department.

NOTES

ON

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A PLEA OR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,

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TODAR MAL.

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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business [illegible]

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should [illegible] ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medi- [illegible] time will frequently prevent a severe illness.

CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. [illegible] BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green [illegible] green paper, and having the name [illegible] William Lambert, 8, King William-street, [illegible] engraved on the Government Stamp. De- [illegible] ses without seeing the Government [illegible] of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS [illegible] LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND. [illegible] AGENTS WANTED."

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO. No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS.

SALE OF VALUABLE CARNAC CARRIAGES, &c., of JUGGUNNATH SUNKERSETT'S ESTATES.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 10 o'clock noon, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., Auctioneers, will put up for sale by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Meadows Streets, Fort, Bombay, by order of Charles Agnew Turner, Esq. the Receiver appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, in Suit No. 401 of 1886, of the estate of Juggonnath Sunkersett, and Vinayekrao Juggonnath Sunkersett, the following valuable carriages, viz:—

2 English-built Carnac Carriages.
1 Large roomy Shigram.
Also the property of a gentleman—One serviceable Buggy, and an almost new light and strong Bamboo Cart.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, July 7, 1888.

BENNETT AND COMPANY. No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, 15 boxes fine Scotch whiskey, 75 boxes wines, 3 cases 1.3.6, and 12lbs. tins printing ink.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome, strong, second-hand office shigram.
1 handsome, strong, English-built, glass-fronted miniature brougham, in very good order.
1 powerful bay Arab horse, 14-2, very quiet to ride and drive.
1 strong, English-built dog-cart, with chestnut Arab pony and harness.
1 handsome, strong, English-built, C spring dog-cart by Kesterton.
1 pair handsome, fast trotting bay Arab horses, quiet in single and double harness.
1 set of brass mounted double harness.
1 set of plated mounted double harness
1 strong office shigram.

AUCTION SALE OF LINSEED AND AJMA SEED DAMAGED BY FRESH WATER.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Dana Bunder and Vadai Gadi, Mirja Gully, by order of Mr. Khimjee Cullian, and on account and risk of the W. I. P. & S. M. Railway—

D O N—1—BB—33 bags linseed, lying at Dana Bunder.
D O M—1—BB—28 bags linseed, lying at Dana Bunder.
D O M—1—BB—41 bags Ajmaseed, lying at Vadai Gadi.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SUIT No. 221, OF 1888.
J. G. SMITH and others,
vs.
TEJPAL GODOO, SOORJEE GODOO, LALLJEE GODOO, JAIRAM GODOO, and DAYAL LADHA.

Pursuant to the decree made in the above suit, bearing date the 26th June, 1888, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 10th instant, at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on behalf of the above-named plaintiffs and on account of the above-named defendants, 92 cases, each weighing about 280 lbs. of Kamla or Kuppeela, marked I. S.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT 1ST CARPENTER STREET.

On MONDAY, the 16th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, and on account and risk of the mortgagors Ramchander Keroba, Pandurang Damodar, and Chinnan Damodar, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 27th April, 1885, the following property:—

All that piece or parcel of land or Government ground with the messuage, tenements, and dwelling-house built thereon, situate, lying, and being without the Fort of Bombay, fronting on the north side by the 1st Carpenter Street, in the Sub-district of Mandvie, and which said premises have been formerly, as well as now, in the occupation of the said Ramchander Keroba, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 16-3, and new No. 893, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 57, containing by admeasurement 198 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the east by the house of Hurjee Shamji, on or towards the west by the house of Bhasker Mahadnowjee and Balcrishna Mahadnowjee, on or towards the north by the 1st Carpenter Street, and on or towards the south by the sweeper's public passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT DONTAR THIRD ROW OR ISRAEL MOHOLLA.

On TUESDAY, the 17th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises by order of the mortgagees and on account and risk of the mortgagor, Abdoola Moosani, in pursuance of the power of sale given in an indenture of mortgage bearing date the 24th November, 1883, the following very valuable landed property:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, lying and being on the Eastern side of Dontar Third Row or Israel Moholla, in the sub-district of Mandvi in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 68 square yards and 3-9 of a square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 264, and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under No. 21, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the east by the house belonging to the old synagogue of the Israel community, on or towards the west by the aforesaid Dontar Third Row or Israel Moholla, on or towards the north by the gully used in common by the owner of the premises and the owner of the neighbouring house, and on or towards the south by a house belonging to the said synagogue and which premises have been occupied by the tenants of the said Abdoola Moosani.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, July 7, 1888.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 3 HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

[illegible] & CO., LD.,

PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

HAVE received a splendid assortment of Furniture Coverings, consisting of Arts Chintz, Tapestry, Plushes, Roman Satins, &c.; also Gimps and Cords to match.

18, Marine Street, Bombay, 20th April, 1888.

SURGEON-BONE SETTER,

FAKIRJI RATANJI, L. M. & S

TREATS cases of accidents and injuries scientifically as well as according to the approved native system.

No. 71, Abdool Rahman Street,

(Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Street.)

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs COOPER, MADON and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily.
" " " Overland Summary
" " " Weekly Budget
" " " Bi-weekly
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Maclean's Guide to Bombay

And for all other publications issuing from this Office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co, Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S

ARE the only Pianofortes of that name that are so favourably and widely known in India for more than 30 years. Inferior instruments have recently been introduced under a name which closely resembles theirs. Intending purchasers should therefore satisfy themselves that the name on the Piano they are getting is Schiedmayer and Soehne.

Gold Medals with HIGHEST Distinction at both the Antwerp and the London ("Inventions") Exhibitions, the only Firm of that NAME WHICH OBTAINED a Prize.

THE GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE Cash Rs. 720.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 66.
Or 24 do. do. " 36.

The Sympathetic Pianoforte, Cash Rs. 780.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 72.
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Zinc lined Packing Case, Rs. 25 extra. Delivered free at any Railway Stations, Bombay or Poona.

Address: MARCKS & Co., Limited, Sole Agents for the Pianofortes of Messrs. SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE, AUTHORISED.

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,

With an alphabetical index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list, with number of Stand,

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Size 3 inches by 4½ inches,

Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket,

Cloth Limp Cover.

Price, Annas 4.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Haji Casam steamer Akbar, 1,440 tons, Captain G J W Baldwin, cleared out yesterday for Aden, Hoodeida, and Jeddah, laden and with about 888 pilgrims on deck.

THE s s City of Canterbury, 2,099 tons, Captain A B Gray, cleared yesterday for Liverpool, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr C A R Browning and Master C S Mackenzie.

THE s s Saint Bernard, 1,447 tons, Captain C R Young, from Cardiff (June 8), arrived in Bombay yesterday, with 2,404 tons coals. She is consigned to the Captain.

THE B I S N steamer Himalaya, 910 tons, Captain T P Nailer, from Calcutta, arrived in port yesterday, with a general cargo and Superintendent T GSweeney, of the Water Police (who had gone in charge of the Burmese princesses to Ratnagiri) and Mr N L Lemeya, as cabin, and twenty-deck, passengers.

THE P and O steamer Venetia, 1,669 tons, Captain F Cole, arrived in Bombay yesterday from Hongkong, via Penang and Singapore, with extra mail packets, a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Messrs Fazel Thower and Ismal Datardin, from Hongkong; one boy, from Penang; and 80 pilgrims on deck, from Penang and Singapore, to Jedda.

VESSELS IN DOCK.—JULY 6.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. City of Canterbury	2099	A. B. Gray	A	Sir C. Forbes & Co.
Thibet	1671	Atkinson	C	P. & O. S. N. Co.
" Ganges	2148	E. Stewart	D	P. & O. Co.
Lycia	2102	B. Fletcher	F	K. Nixon & Co.
" Clan Forbes	1590	R. G. Taitt	G	F. Muir & Co.
Ship Sir Lancelot	886	G. Noel	K	V. Abraham & Co.
S.S. Atrato	2066	J. R. Gordon	L	F. Muir & Co.
" Narenta	986	C. Dasanabos	Q	O. Von Haffer.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Robt. Harrowing	1395	A. Hughson	3	J. Mackintosh & Co.
" Kirby Hall	1759	G. D. Pearse	4	E. Bates & Co.
" Stura	1416	T. Caboara	5	E. Mackenzie.
" D Baldnino	3014	G. A. Rocco	6	F. Bozzoni
" Akbar	1445	G. Baldwin	7	H. Kasim & Co.
" Methley Hall	2241	A. Buck	8	F. Bozzoni
" Mecca	936	Macfadyen	9	E. Bates & Co.
" Kt. of St. John	2286	Bovis	12	K. Nixon & Co.
" P. Hendrick	2041	Collin	15	V. Ebram.

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessel.	Commander	From
6	St. Bernard (s)	Young	Cardiff, June 8.
	Himalaya (s)	Naylor	Calcutta, June 10.
	Venetia (s)	Cole	Hongkong, June 16.

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
6	City of Canterbury (s)	Gray	Liverpool.
7	Akbar (s)	Baldwin	Aden and Jeddah.

CALCUTTA.

DEPARTURES.

July 2.—Steamers Chollerton and Renfrew. Barque Ellen Isabelle. Schooner Rosebud.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Methley Hall s—3,000 cwt wheat, E D Sasoon and Co. Kirby Hall s—51 bales wool, S Kochuldas; 13 cwts ivory, B D Armour Argent.

FOR LONDON.

Ganges s—37 cwts gum, H E Mahomedali; 35 bales skins, E Gangaji and Co; 45 cwts gum, S Mamooji and Co; 25 cwts gum, T Jetha.

FOR ANTWERP.

Atrato s—2,000 cwts barley, J L Kerston; 3,999 cwts linseed, Lang, Moir and Co; 50 cwts gum, F Hurst; 165 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 119 bales cotton, The Bo Co Ld; 200 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Lycia s—5 bales hemp, Meiffre, Neveu and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Methley Hall s—4,000 cwts poppyseed, and 450 cwts 2000 cwts rapeseed, Killick, 2,000 cwts linseed and Clan Forbes s—1,000 cwts seed, 3,500 cwts groundnuts and 750 cwts gingellyseed, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR GENOA.

D Baldnino s—801 nuts linseed, B and A Hormarji; 2,003 cwts wheat, A Blascheck and Co; 1,000 cwts rapeseed, Killick Nixon and Co; 75 cwts gingellyseed, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

D Baldnino s—10 bales skins, D Merwanji and Co; 42 bales skins, Glade and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Kirby Hall s—55 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.
Rt Harrowing s—11,035 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR KOBE.

Stura s—50 bales twist, C Chotalal.

FOR HONGKONG.

Thibet s—4 cwts ivory, C Ebhram; 5 bales twist, N J Sassoon; 40 bales twist, S N Talati and Co.
Stura s—164 bales cotton, S Mooltanchand; 75 bales twist, J Doongersee; 100 bales twist, N Vulubdas; 75 bales twist, C Maganlal; 200 bales twist K J covarmull; 301 cwts turmeric, H Datoo; 300 bales twist, N Vithaldass; 200 bales twist, V Poonjabhai.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Stura s—25 bales twist and 26 bales T cloth, C Chotalal; 25 bales T cloth and shirting, T Moolji and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.—JULY 6.

Ternan, Major, 12th Bombay L I, on duty, from Asirgarh.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 6.

Hodgkinson, Captain, Bombay V R C, on station leave, to Poona.
Hassan, Surgeon, 3rd Bengal Infantry, on privilege leave, to Hyderabad.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS

REGIMENTAL ORDER

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 7th July, 1888.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

The following order is notified:—

There will be practice for all members at the Colaba Range this afternoon from 4-30 p.m.

By order,
(Sd.) H. S. B. HODGKINSON,
Captain & Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES.

CAREFULLY adapted to correct all defect of vision.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS.

(Opticians to the principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India.)

Offices.—Old Bond Street London.

3 & 4 Hare Street Calcutta. Rampart Row Bombay.

MAJOR GENERAL SIR MICHAEL BIDDULPH, C. B., writes:—

I have much pleasure on leaving India to acknowledge the excellency of the Spectacles you have furnished me, and I shall always gladly recommend your Pebble Spectacles to my friends.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:

TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER

AT THE

FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,

BEING

REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,

WITH

Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.

Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna.

Bombay Gazette Office, Esplanade Road.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 6.

REUTER'S usual financial quotations, including that for Silver, which is also still called 42½d. per oz. by private messages, come unchanged with one exception. The weekly Returns of the Bank of England, up to Wednesday evening, show a decrease in the Reserve of 3 per cent., owing presumably to heavy withdrawals of Gold for abroad, making the Reserve stand at 40 per cent. of the Liabilities. The Bank's rates of Discount remained at 2½ per cent., and that for short London Bills at 1½; but for 6 months' sight Indian Bank Paper the quotation comes ½ higher at 1½ per cent. The weekly Specie shipments consisted of £60,000 in Silver to this Port.

In the General Produce Markets, Wheat and Seeds were unaltered; but Coffee was firmer, and 1s. per cwt. dearer for both descriptions.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm after a moderate day's business, the total sales having aggregated 10,000 bales, including, however, 1,200 Surats, the feeling with regard to these having been firm also. Spot prices were quite unchanged; and American Arrivals for July-August and October November deliveries were unaltered, but there was an advance of 1-64d. in all other positions. Manchester was quiet but steady.

On the re-opening of the New York Market yesterday the quotation for ready Mid-Uplands was still 10 5-16 cents; and September futures remained at 9·82 cents. The receipts at the U. S. Ports were *nil*, and the figures for the three years now give the following comparison:—

	1888.	1887.	1886.
Five days' Receipts	4,000	1,000	9,900
Since 1st Sept. 1887	5,435,000	5,189,600	5,308,900

The very quiet feeling, which we have latterly had to report in Cotton here, has to-day given place to considerable activity, local consumers having again come forward as pretty eager buyers of ready stuff at current rates, and the bulk of the purchases, which sum up nearly 4,000 bales, must be credited to them. The principal sail has been for Julgaum, of which some 1,000 bales have been taken at Rs. 193½-9; Bengals and Dharwar have also been in much request, and have changed hands to the extent of nearly 1,500 bales, in the aggregate, at Rs. 182-95, and Rs. 199½-207, respectively, of Dholleras purchases reaching 600 bales are reported, at Rs. 200-7; the other transactions having been in Wadwan, at Rs. 205; Dhamnigaum, at Rs. 207; Khangaum, at Rs. 213; and Broach at Rs. 222 per candy. There has been some enquiry (though only from dealers as far as we have heard), for Broach and Bengals of the new crop, and for the former Rs. 224-4½ has been quoted for March delivery; and for the latter Rs. 162, Rs. 173, and Rs. 183 for the three current grades, for January delivery.

WHEAT has been much less enquired for to-day, and only a moderate business has transpired; but the tone of the market continues firm, and prices are quoted as before.

SEEDS have also been taken to a moderate extent only; the market, however, keeps steady, and rates are unaltered all round.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	1,714 bales.
Wheat	11,878 cwt.
Linseed	1,302 "
Rapeseed	9,192 "

FREIGHTS are dull and weak at our last quotations. Business for Hull has been done to-day at 16s. 6d. per ton, for next month's shipment.

EXCHANGE opened at yesterday's closing rates for Bank Demand and Telegraphic; and with one Bank buying 3 months' sight Credits at 1s. 4 3-16d. and the rest at 1s. 4 7-32d., and at these quotations the Market has been quiet all day with little business passing. Ready 3 months' sight Credits have been sold to a small extent at the above-named rates, and a little Private Demand and 30 days' sight Paper at 1s. 4¼d. We have also heard of a little Bank Demand having been taken at 1s. 4 3-32d., and forward Bank Telegraphic, for January Transfer, at 1s. 4¼d. and ready at 1s. 4 3-32d.; but the latter has not been the rate generally obtainable. We quote:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 3-32d. per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 1-16d. "
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4¼d. "
Credits do.	1s. 4 3-16d. to 7-32d. "
Documents do.	1s. 4 7-32d. "
Francs	1·70½ to 1·71 "

GOVERNMENT PAPER was rather weak at opening, and Fours for Money and Account were quoted 1-16 per cent. below last evening's rates. The market ruled in the afternoon, however, under the influence of a good demand, and closed at 100½ for Money and 100¾ for account, with buyers at the forward rate, 104½ to 105 is still the almost nominal quotation for 4½ per cent. Paper.

SHARES have been fairly active to-day, and a number of changes have taken place in our quotations for Mill Scrip, in most cases, in favour of holders. Morarji Goculdas have advanced Rs. 30; Madras United, Rs. 25; Ahmedabad, Rs. 5; New Great Eastern, and Presidency, Rs. 5 each; and Leopold Bleaching, Re. 1. Prince of Wales S. and M. have declined Rs. 7½; and Hindostan, Alliance, Jevraz Balloo, and Sholapore are all Rs. 5 lower. Dhollera P. and G. shares are Rs. 5 higher; and Mofussil Press have advanced Rs. 2½; while New Berar are Rs. 2½ down. Bombay-Burma Trading have moved up Rs. 50 for the first issue, and Rs. 10 for the second. Bombay Fire have advanced Rs. 5; and Prince of Wales Fire, Rs. 50 per share. Treacher and Co. are Rs. 10 higher. Western India Flour have declined Rs. 12 per share.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	7 pct.	857½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	930
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	14 do.	810
EXCHANGE BANK.					
Agra Bank	10,000	4	4	6 do.	120
Hong. and Shang. Banking Corporation	11,111	100	all	17½ do.	249
National Bank of India	27,320	$195 250		5 pct.	135

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. per cent. Stock	..	£100	..	£160
S. R. & G. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	..	£100	..	£161

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000 Rs. 10		1,155
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000 Rs. 75		1,080
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,000	1,000 Rs. 90		1,090
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co.	250	8,000	1,000 Rs. 190		2 050

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250 Rs. 75		1,175xd
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500 Rs.		425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100 Rs. 100		849
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400 Rs. 20		240
Bellary	632	1,000	1,000 Rs. 20		215
Brait's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld	0	200	200 Rs. 16		110
Bombay Cotton Press	100	125	125 Rs. 15		180
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880 Rs. 600		580
Dholleras P. & G. Co.	0	200	200	12	110
East India Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000 Rs. 131		1,190
English Press & Mfg. Co., Ld.	400	250	..	..	995
Fort Press Co.	1,000	8,500	8,500 Rs. 60		1,400
French Press Co.	500	600	600 Rs. 80		600
Hatoy & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	45	500	500 Rs. 45		407
Khangaum Cotton Press Co.	240	452	all Rs. 45		250
Manmar Manfg. Co	1,000	250	250 Rs. 10		215
Mercantile Press	1,000	125	125 Rs.		60
Mofussil Co.	2,150	400	400 Rs. 0		415
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	600	600 Rs. 60		530
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125 Rs. 10		775
Prince of W. Press	600	600	100 Rs. 3		300
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld. (Gallery)	500	500	500 Rs. 0		440
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750 Rs. 50		450
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	10	1,000	1,000 Rs. 12		1,200
Soonsee Press Co.	900	600	600	1	550
Vulkart Press Co.	600	1,000	1,000		615

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co. Ld.	1,000	200	200	10	200
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	750	200	150	5 pct.	150
Bapty Co., Ld.	400	100	100 Rs. 16		175
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	525	..	185 Nil.		57
Bombay Flour Mills	750	500	100	6 p.c.	100
Bombay Saw Mills	600	500	500	10 p.c.	510
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited	1,222	100	100	..	75oom
Bombay & Baroach Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500 Rs. 135		94
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	61	375 Rs. 33½		2,900
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	5 p.c.	725
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	500	..	1-8
Cooper, Madge & Co.	..	..	..	..	510
Joyce & Co., Ld.	3,000	90	100 Rs. 15		65
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	600	100	40	...	4½
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	½
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	42,000	25	25	8½	8
Kemp & Co., Ld.	60	250	250	...	150
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	200	175 Rs. 26		375
Napier Hotel Co.	4,000	20	100 Rs. 10		95
Napier Foundry and Mfg. Co.	300	100	100 13 p.c.		80
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	1,500	100	100	..	101xd
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	13
Scarse and Co., Ld.	5,000	20	20	8 p.c.	17
Port Canning Co.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 1	40
Royal Flour Mills	6,000	50	100	Nil	30
Phillips & Co., Ld.	2,500	100	100	p.c.	50aom
Soundy & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	9 p.c.	102
Southwell and Austin	1,000	107	1	..	33
Telephone Co., Ld.	1,000	..	..	..	20
Treacher & Co., Ld.	19,200	25	7	Rs. 2	35
Thacker & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	93	Rs. 9	1,230
Western India Flour Mills	1,450	100	100	Rs. 15	201
M. Moos & Co.	1,000	70	70	..	28
Straes Oil Mills Co., Ld.	1,250	..	All	..	180
					90

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE EUROPEAN SITUATION.

PARIS, JULY 6.

The *Temps*, in discussing the European situation, points out that Austria and Russia are equally interested in balancing the military power of Germany, and urges the necessity of a close *entente* between Austria-Hungary and France at the present moment.

THE EMPEROR WILLIAM'S VISIT TO THE CZAR.

BERLIN, JULY 5.

The Emperor William will leave for St. Petersburg in the middle of the current month on a visit to the Emperor Alexander.

His Majesty will stay at Peterhof, the summer home of the Imperial Russian family.

The Emperor William will attend a Grand Review which will be held in his honour at Krasnoe-Selo, situated twelve miles from St. Petersburg, where the Regiments of the Guard are now encamped.

THE TROUBLES IN ZULULAND.

LONDON, JULY 6.

In the House of Commons last night, Mr. W. H. Smith assured the House that there was no reason to apprehend a serious war in Zululand, and that there was every hope of a very speedy settlement of the disturbance in that quarter.

THE *TIMES* LIBEL CASE.

THE VERDICT.

The libel case, O'Donnell *vs.* the *Times*, terminated yesterday in a verdict for the defendant (the *Times*).

Lord Coleridge ruled that the plaintiff, Mr. O'Donnell, had no case against the defendant.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 6.

The *Pioneer* hears from London by telegram that in the case brought by Mr. O'Donnell against the *Times*, Mr. Webster read a letter from Mr. Egan to Mr. Carey written in the October before the Phœnix Park murders, in which it was stated that he had sent in "M.," who is believed to be Mullet the invincible, £200, urging him to give value for the money. A letter of Mr. Parnell's, dated Kilmainham, was read, in which that gentleman reproached Mr. Egan for hesitancy, and reminded him of his promise to make it hot for old Forster. Lord Coleridge, before any witnesses for the defence were tendered, ruled that there was no case against the *Times*. He at the same time condemned Mr. O'Donnell's tactics as unfair both to the *Times* and the leaders of the Parnellite party.

CAMBRIDGE *V.* OXFORD.

The rain spoilt the Annual University Cricket Match. The wicket was very heavy and there were no large scores. Cambridge made 171 and 170 and Oxford 124 in the first innings. The match ended in a draw.

OFFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Mr. Cunningham, Under-Secretary, Foreign Department, probably succeeds Mr. Plowden in Kashmir.

NEW RAILWAYS.

Mr. Noble has tendered a proposal to construct a broad gauge line from Umballa to Kalka, to be worked by the North-Western Railway, and a two-feet gauge Mountain Railway from Kalka to Simla. He asks for no guarantee if he gets the land, a lakh of rupees per annum for the conveyance of mails, and the use of the cart road. If the cart road is not given he requires a guarantee of two-and-a-half per cent.

THE SECRETARIAT CLERICAL SERVICES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 6.

New rules are published in the *Gazette of India* under which the Secretariat clerical services will in future be separated into an upper and lower division, the former comprising all appointments of Rs. 200 and upwards, and the latter appointments below that. Below that sum the head of the office will have absolute power of selection. In the case of all appointments involving supervision over divisions of an office the mode of recruiting one-half the appointments in the upper and two-thirds in the lower division will be by open competition, for which examinations will be held at Calcutta, Allahabad, Lahore, and other places in January of each year. Every alternate vacancy in the upper, and every third vacancy in the lower, division will be filled by the head of the department.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Surgeon-Major T. A. Hendley is granted leave for 2 months and 29 days.

Surgeon-Major Yeld, Deputy Assay Master, Calcutta Mint, is granted special leave for 6 months.

Surgeon F. C. Reeves officiates.

Furloughs.—Surgeon Major E. A. Birch, one year; Colonel A. N. P hillips, two years

Major G. F. L. Marshall is appointed Superintending Engineer and Secretary P. W. Department for Rajputana and Central India, the two administrations being combined.

THE POLICE TORTURE CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 6.

Yesterday, at the Sessions, the trial of the police torture case was continued. The following dialogue passed between Mr. Mackenzie, the Police Surgeon a witness for the defence, and the Standing Counsel:—

Mr. Mackenzie: There are three joints to the thumb.

Mr. Pugh: Let us have that down as an interesting anatomical fact.

Mr. Mackenzie: I beg your pardon, there are two joints and three bones.

Mr. Pugh: You never heard of any medical man speaking of bones in a thumb as joints.

Mr. Mackenzie: It would be phalang, my lord; the lower half of the second joint would be the last joint—(laughter)—I mean phalang, my lord When I said the joints were swollen I meant the phalanges were swollen. The joints themselves were not swollen. I am positive as to that. The witness continued. The swelling was beneath the blisters. I cured all swelling underneath the blisters with the aid of a magnifying glass. There were no swellings round the blisters. I will undertake to swear that the skin outside the blister appeared raised.

Mr. Pugh: Is it not a fact that there was swelling round the blisters?

Mr. Mackenzie: Yes.

Mr. Pugh: What did you mean by saying, a few minutes ago, that there was no swelling round the blisters?

Mr. Mackenzie: It was a mistake. I did not understand the question.

Mr. Pugh: I said it more than once.

Mr. Mackenzie: There was no depression that I could see. There was a blister, barely a swelling. The blister looked to be of the same height as the swelling; the blister was translucent.

Inspector Hill, another witness for the defence, contradicted Mr. Mackenzie, and stated that he had examined the boy's thumbs, and saw something that appeared like blister marks upon the thumbs, and observed that they appeared swollen.

HONOURS LIST.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

SIMLA, JULY 6.

To be Knights Commanders of the Indian Empire:—Maharajah Harendra Kishor Singh Bahadur, of Bettiah; Hon. Gregory Charles Paul, C. I. E., Advocate-General, Bengal; and Maharajah Narendra Krishna, of Calcutta.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer as a personal distinction the title of Nawab upon Syed Mahammud Takee Khan, Zemindar in the the district of Mozufferpore, the title of Raja upon Kumar Gyanoda Kant Roy, of Chanora, in the Jessore District. The title of Khan Bahadur upon Syed Kazi Reza Hossein, of Patna; and the title of Rao Bahadur upon Babu Gunga Pershad, of Durbungha; Babu Hurry Mohun Thacoor, Zemindar of Berary, in the district of Bhagulpore; Babu Shanker Dyal Singh, Honorary Magistrate in the Shahabad district; Babu Bepin Behary Dutt, Government Pleader of Midnapore; Babu Surja Kumar Pundit, District Engineer in Murshidabad.

OBITUARY.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

SURAT, JULY 6.

Rao Saheb Lallubhai Gopaldass, pensioned subjudge and a leading member of the Valmik Kayasth caste, died on Thursday, aged 68 years. The funeral procession to Oothamna was largely attended. The loss of the deceased is universally regretted. The Rao Saheb has left three sons, the eldest named Kalabhai is a pleader, and one daughter.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

LONDON, JULY 5.

The Bombay mails of the 19th ult. arrived at Brindisi to-day.

SUEZ, JULY 6.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Sutlej, with outward English mails of 29th ult., left here for Bombay at 5 a.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

COLOMBO, JULY 6.

H. M. S. Reindeer, sailed for Rangoon yesterday.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 5.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats firm.

Good Fair Dhollera.....	4 5-16

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

2½ per cent. Consols for account ...	99⅛
4½ per cent. French Rentes	106½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	67⅛
4½ per cent. ,, ...	70⅛
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106⅛
Bar Silver	42⅛

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £21,700,000; Dec., £500,000; public deposits, £7,200,000; Inc., £1,200,000; other deposits, £24,000,000; Dec., £2,200,000; other securities, £19,800,000; Inc., £500,000; notes and gold, £12,700,000; Dec., £1,300,000.

The Bank's Reserve is 40 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(JULY 6.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, interrupted. *Via* Amoor, interrupted.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Both cables, Banjoewangi to Port Darwin, interrupted. Moulmein route to Siam interrupted.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, JULY 5.

10 p.m. ...	77·4

FRIDAY, JULY 6.

6 a.m. ...	79·2
10 a.m. ...	83·2
4 p.m. ...	81·3

An important light, says an up-country paper, has been thrown upon the recent misfortune on the Agror border. Major Battye, it learns, gave the Akazais no notice of his intention to take out his men for exercise along the frontier, and this omission, it is to be feared, contributed largely to the disaster. The Akazais were at the time under blockade and, seeing a large body of troops advancing, they may have supposed that we were about to make a sudden attack on their villages. A feeling of this kind would naturally excite them, and it is more than probable that their attack on Major Battye is to be attributed to an alarm of this character. If Major Battye had given warning of his intention, there is reason to believe that no attack would have been delivered. If this is really how matters stand, it ought to be comparatively easy to arrive at an explanation with the tribes, who will have every opportunity afforded them of making their submission.

The following Bengal notifications are gazetted:—Mr. Nanda Krishna Bose, of Backerganj, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of Bogra, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. H. Lee. Mr. T. Inglis, on leave, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of Backerganj, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. H. Savage. Mr. G. W. Place, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the sudder station of the district of Gya. Mr. Walsh, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Behar, Patna, is allowed leave for three months. Mr. J. Clark, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Nuddea, is transferred to Patna, to have temporary charge of the Behar subdivision during Mr. Walsh's leave. Mr. J. T. Jarbo, Deputy Collector, Giridhi, Hazaribagh, is transferred to Monghyr. Mr. W. H. Thomson, Temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Goalundo, Faridpur, is transferred to Hazaribagh, and Mr. T. W. Richardson, of Murshidabad, is transferred to Faridpur. Mr. A. A. Wace, Magistrate and Collector, Bhagulpur, is allowed leave for two months and 27 days, and Mr T. E. Coxhead acts for him. Mr. H. W. Boileau, of Gya, is appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. S. Murray. The Rev. H. O. Moore, officiating Junior Chaplain, St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, is allowed leave for three months. The Rev. G. Watling is appointed to act as Chaplain of St. James's Church, Calcutta, during the absence of the Rev. W. Kitchin. The Rev. G. G. Gillan, Senior Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Calcutta, has been granted an extension of furlough for six months. Mr. Howes, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Benares Agency, is allowed privilege leave for three months. Surgeon-Major K. P. Gupta, Deputy Sanitary Commissioner and Superintendent of Vaccination, Metropolitan Circle, is allowed leave for two months.

Mr. Goschen has had a correspondence with a little girl—or her papa—who complained about the horse-tax. The first letter began, "My dear Chancellor," and stated that "papa" had decided to give up "Jennie," the pony, on account of the tax. This was very hard, as he had promised the writer a new habit. "And I don't like you at all," said the candid little lady. To which Mr. Goschen replied—"My charming little correspondent,—You are a very clever little girl at seven years of age, to know how to spell the word Chancellor. You may tell your papa that if your pony is not too many hands high he will not have to pay anything for it; and, as I have let him off a good deal more, he ought to give you a new habit." Back came a letter, which showed that the first communication had been inspired by an artful parent. "My dear Chanselor," wrote the little maiden, regardless of the compliment on her orthography, "this is rely my own. I love you very much. Papa has kept Jeny and given me the new habit. My darling Chanselor, I would like to kiss you." This letter ought to be preserved amongst the archives of the Exchequer.

A peculiar case has been tried at the Court of Dole. A medical man, who has a lunatic asylum in that town, lately brought out a pamphlet, treating of the malady of a lady who had been entrusted to his charge. The name was not given in full, the writer confining himself to the initial letter, but he also mentioned the post which the patient's husband had held in different places, and allowed other indications to slip into his work which seemed to leave no doubt as to the identity of the sufferer. Various details of the case which he had learned from the lady's relatives were included in the booklet, and the family, greatly pained, brought an action against the author for what it termed here "violation of professional secrecy." It was urged for the defence that the case was an unusual one, a fact which was not disputed; but the Court held that science had no interest in knowing the name of the patient, and accordingly mulcted the doctor in fines and damages to the amount of £100.

THE LONDON SEASON.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 15.

"As the season for thunderstorms and lightning accidents is now approaching." Mr. H. Newman Lawrence, of the Institute of Medical Electricity, writes to the *Standard*, "I should esteem it a favour if some of the many friends of humanity among your readers would send particulars of accidents of this nature as soon after they occur as possible."

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Before the peals of thunder have quite died away, before we have recovered from the limpness that our first summer storm has left upon us, these cold-blooded men of science have begun to collect statistics of how many are toasted brown and shrivelled like used-up wax vestas, and how many have been left by the fatal touch of the electric spark minus a husband, a grandmother, or a cat. And these callous scientists wish us to communicate our facts at once. They will not wait till we have recovered from our shocks, till we have cured our burns, and ceased to weep for our cat. The short fierce storm we had yesterday was as pretty a beginning to the thunder season as the Institute of Electricity could wish. At half-past two Regent Street was thronged, and at twenty-five minutes to three you could count the few braves who dared to be abroad. The hospitable shops of Regent Street received the multitude with open arms, and probably had a pretty little profit in return for their charity. In spite of the pretty things around them some ladies, I am afraid, were not altogether happy. "You are sitting in a draught, dear," said one friend to another. "It is the least of two evils," said she pathetically, "I cannot avoid both the draught and the fire irons."

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The new gallery was a pleasant place to be driven for shelter, and a good many who would not otherwise have been tempted in—for art galleries are considered somewhat a drug in the London market—were forced to use it as a sanctuary from the storm, and had no cause, I am sure, to regret it, for it is very interesting, very pretty, and a variety. The centre hall, with its fountains, statues, busts, bronze, and pieces of sculpture, is a pleasant place to sit and look around at the people passing in and out of the galleries and lounging on the balcony that overlooks the hall. The pictures are on the whole very good. Frank Holl, Herkomer, J. J. Shannon, W. B. Richmond, and E. Ward, contributing portraits that are either pretty to look at, or have the still greater charm of being the pictures of celebrated people. F. C. Burnand, Editor of *Punch*, is represented by both Mr. Herkomer and Mr. Ward. Then there is John Morley, M. P., and Henry Labouchere, M. P., also by Mr. Ward; and Mrs. Cunningham Graham, Mrs. Drummond, Miss Gladstone, Mrs. Andrew Lang and Sir Edward, and Lady Ermentrude Malet, by W. B. Richmond—a host of well known names. Mr. Holl's portraits of Robert Symons and Richard Davies are very good and Professor Herkomer's portraits are as striking as usual, except that of his father and his children, which is in many ways very unpleasant.

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The Angel of Death, by Watts, occupies the principal position of large gallery, a very fine picture, though not one of his best. A solemn angel is bending with drooping wings over the body of a little dead baby which lies on her knee. There is great dignity and strength in the angel's figure, but something in the shadow on the baby's head is uncomfortable in drawing and gave me a disagreeable impression. Alma Tadema exhibits several charming little studies which are arranged conveniently all together, so that there is no troublesome reference to the catalogue required. A classic draped girl trying her fortune by pulling off daisy petals. "He loves me, he loves me not," is a dainty little bit of colour, though it is questionable whether there is authority for giving a classic maiden our modern Marguerites to make up a picture. It reminds me of a statue at the Italian Exhibition, in which Ruth is given a drapery with its binding neatly but visibly machine-stitched. Alma Tadema's sketch for Heliogabalus among the Roses is a pretty composition, and in my opinion would have made a much finer picture than the altered arrangement which he eventually painted for the Academy. There is a pleasant distance of white marble steps allowed between Heliogabalus and his smothered guests, and rough as the sketch is, it tells the story more satisfactorily a great deal than the finished work.

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Burne-Jones's pictures of Perseus and Andromeda and the Tower of Brass, which I saw at the studio last autumn, are his principal contributions, but in the balcony are several charming sketches of girls' heads, done mostly on brown paper, but like all his work most careful and conscientious. Legros also exhibits sketches which are interesting, and I might add instruction, after [illegible] to ensure success. In spite of art galleries being numerous and artists' names being legion, no one who has been there will say that the new gallery, Regent Street, is one too many.

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We have often heard that to see the Bay of Naples is sufficient bliss to fill a lifetime. Fancy then our luck to have it brought to our doors as I may say for 3*d*. Such is the fact. At the Italian Exhibition you may see Naples, and you are not bound to die of the delight; you may come away and enjoy a ride on the Alpine Switch-back if you are not nervous, or you may visit the blue Grotto of Capri if you are romantic, or muse in the Roman Forum if your tastes are classic; you may indulge yourself in seeing pictures, bronzes and sculpture if you are esthetically inclined, or buy bracelets, hats, and laces if your fad is vanity. Finally, if you are not elevated above fleshly things by so many fine sights, you may dine in the "Quirinale" to the sound of Italian music played by the band, and the still softer music of Italian voices, which, in this country of high-pitched trebles, has an inexpressible charm. All these advantages are open to us, the British public, at present, and we appreciate them, but I for one do not appreciate the truth of the advertisement that Earl's Court is near the Exhibition. I think there is fully a mile of building to be traversed before one gets near the main building, and though the walk is a bower of vines wreathed round the supports of Humphry's iron roofing, it does not conceal the fact that the way is long and the sun is hot, and that there is a scent of mustiness and cherry blossom on the air that is not suggestive of the odours of Araby the blest, but the unblest.

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Still once at the journey's end it was very pleasant. The exhibits are nearly all of a decorative nature. There is exquisite lace, jewellery of pretty design, majolica, marbles, carved wood, ornamental leathers, straw-plaiting, venetian glass, and gloves. Then there is the theatre with its wonderful marionettes, and what most people enjoyed above all, the Neapolitan boatmen who sung and played and danced in a delightful manner. There are seven or eight of them, and each has its own special instrument, and joins besides in the songs or dance. One great, fat, jolly man, who looked in his sailor suit of red and blue cotton with a Roman sash like a big, overgrown child, sang magnificently and quite filled the immense marquee, which was crowded with people. Another sang to his own accompaniment on the violin, and at the last they all played and sang and danced a kind of breakdown to which the fat man played an accompaniment on the tambourine. Enthusiastic always, an admiring multitude of women pressed up to the platform and bought the great man's tambourines on which he had scribbled his name. I daresay, this method of increasing his income was not in the Italian's mind when he left his native land, and probably his visit to England will not be a waste of time, as he will no doubt learn many other means of turning an honest penny. I wish we could take a little vivacity and grace and that charm of manner that seems to be the Italian's natural gift in exchange for the more solid but unattractive qualities which have fallen to our share.

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If you want to be amused read James Payn's "Eavesdropper," a short story of a man who could make himself invisible by taking a teaspoon of fernseed, and return to his solid condition by taking what he discovered was the antidote, a lump of sugar. The story is cleverly written and, in spite of the incredible plot, is sufficiently realistically told to make one almost believe it. Not that it would quite induce me to go forth to rob the fern fronds in order to make myself an invisible mixture such as Mr. Browne partook of. Mr. Browne's experiences were not so pleasant either that they would tempt many to try his recipe even if it were easily available. He heard his Doctors laugh over him, and his friends bet on his chances of life or death, and his beloved sneer at and despise him, and his servants calculate on what cash he left loose about, so he didn't have exactly what the Americans call a pleasant time while he was playing his part of the disembodied spirit. Mr. Payn finished the book too hurriedly, that is its worst fault, for one could afford to indulge in even twice as much of such pleasant fooling.

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Since the *Star* began to give short biographies of remarkable people the other evening papers have taken up the same line. In the *Echo* there is a pleasant account of Mrs. Frank Leslie's life. The Queen of Women Journalists, as she is called, has written for the press since she was a child, but her journalistic career commenced, she says, on her husband's death. "Go to my office," he said on his death-bed, "sit down in my place and do my work till my debts are paid," and she has done it successfully, though those debts were incurred through the foolishness of Mr. Leslie's son by a former marriage, and she was only bound by her devotion to her husband's memory to repay them. Mrs. Leslie lives in a hotel and so has no domestic cares, rises at seven, indulges in a cold bath and dumb-bell exercise, goes in the cars to her office at nine, and stays till four without a break even for lunch, then drives, visits and receives her guests; finally, Mrs. Leslie refuses on an average two proposals of marriage per week, and she has got into such thoroughly businesslike habits in this as in other matters that she has a form which she uses on each occasion; adapting it, I suppose, slightly to the different circumstances and to the heat of the fire that she intends to quench in the manly breast and piling on the agony of having to refuse when she thinks it would go down successfully. "My life," she says in the form of refusal, "is so perfectly rounded with its days of charming, hard work and earnest endeavour, and its evenings crowded full of pleasure and amusement through the kindness of friends, that I have neither time for, nor thought of, matrimony, and I shall never marry unless a name be offered me higher niched in the temple of fame than that left me by my husband, of which I am a thousand times proud." &c. Mrs. Leslie says she could not be so unfeeling as to send her refusal in stereotype, but if she gives the copy of her refusal to be printed by every paper, it amounts to much the same thing.

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Carlyle's House, in Cheyne Row, Chelsea, is after many years again tenanted. The widow of an Indian Colonel is the happy possessor of the quaint old house, and all its associations, with the great writer and cynic of the century. The quiet top room in which Carlyle shut himself up from the world, closing up the windows even, and replacing them by a sky-light, that he might not be disturbed by sounds and sights from the street and garden, is filled with pretty Indian things that will not be left shut up without admirers. A cockatoo screams shrilly from the parlour window, and a number of a dear little spaniels and a monkey play about the garden. It is well that ghosts are not now obliged to walk their ancient haunts, for what would not Carlyle's shade suffer with those dogs that cockatoo, and above all that monkey.

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Mrs. Rae, wife of the famous Arctic explorer, and a strong supporter of the Home Rule policy, holds a meeting this afternoon at her house in Addison Gardens. Miss Jane Cobden will give an address on Ireland, and there will be some discussion afterwards. The Liberal Unionists, seeing how much women do in the Primrose League and Women's Liberal Associations, have started a Women's Liberal Unionist Club, of which Mrs. Leonard Courtney, Mrs. Westlake, Mrs. Henry Fawcett, and Miss Townsend are some of the members. Irish ladies have also joined, and will lend their help and voices to the cause.

AN ENGLISH TEAM FOR INDIA.

All lovers of cricket in India will be glad to learn that it is by no means improbable that India will be visited by a team of English amateurs. It has of late become the fashion to "do" India in the cold weather, and it does seem therefore probable that we shall be included among the Colonies now visited by cricketing teams. But it is an open question whether the visitors will restrict themselves entirely to playing the Hindoos and Parsees of Bombay, the Baboos of the North-West, and the Madrasees of the benighted Presidency. Anglo-Indian teams might well look forward to being included largely in any programme of the visitors. From a statement in *Cricket*, a weekly paper, we learn that Lord Hawke and Mr. G. F. Vernon have both expressed their willingness to assist in an undertaking of this kind, and correspondence has already commenced with a view to make the necessary arrangements for such a tour. A trip of this kind would, in all probability, be of immense benefit to the game in the East, and we hope to hear soon that the negotiations have assumed a definite shape. As yet India is an unknown quantity as far as cricket tours go, and Mr. Vernon will, we are sure, be grateful to Anglo-Indians or others for any hints which are likely to be of use to him in preparing for the proposed trip.

Lord Hawke is an old cricketer of Yorkshire fame, and was, if we recollect aright, one of the team Mr. Vernon piloted through Australia early this year, at the same time Shrewsbury captained an English visiting team in the same Colony. Mr. Vernon is at present playing for Middlesex, and is an amateur of some fame.

A PUBLIC NUISANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—It is passing strange that the orders peremptorily issued by the Government of Lord Reay to the Police authorities for removing the social evil to its original place, *viz.*, Cursetjee Sooklajee Street, have not been carried out. We, the residents of Girgaum, [illegible] dated 1st June, 1888, published in your issue of the 5th ultimo, considered ourselves fortunate in being quit of our questionable neighbours. But I am sorry to observe that in the face of this order the Police authorities have dared to render it nugatory.

The disorderly houses from Khetwady, Grant Road, Chowpatty and other respectable localities have not been removed, except those from the vicinity of the Northbrook Gardens.

As more than five weeks have elapsed since the issue of the latest orders of Government, and as the nuisance has not a whit abated, Mr. Editor, I beg of you to take up the subject and not to rest till the evil complained of is entirely eradicated. In this sad and unpleasant business you have all along taken the part of the public against the subordinate Bombay Police, and have been the means of obtaining redress from the authorities, for which we are highly grateful.

As Colonel Wilson, of excellent reputation, resumed charge of the Commissionership yesterday, it is to be hoped that he will look into this matter, and thus put a stop to this nuisance once for all.

July 6. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

THE RUKHMABAI CASE.

The appeal in the Rukhmabai case, which was adjourned for a fortnight, came on again for a hearing at the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before Sir Charles Sargent, Chief Justice, and Mr. Justice Bayley. As is well known, this was a suit for restitution of conjugal rights brought by Dadaji Bhikaji against his wife Rukhmabai. On the point of law, the suit was decided by Mr. Justice Farran against Rukhmabai, with costs. Against this decision Rukhmabai filed an appeal which first came on before their lordships about a fortnight ago, when the question of the defendant's liability to pay the costs was argued. It was eventually decided to adjourn the case for a fortnight in order to enable the plaintiff to produce evidence to show if his wife had any independent means of her own, from which she might defray the costs. Their lordships were, however, informed yesterday that the parties had come to an arrangement between themselves, so that there was no need to proceed further with the case. The appellant (Rukhmabhai) was represented by Mr. Jardine and Mr. Telang, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sarani, and the respondent by Mr. F. R. Vicaji and Mr Mankar, who were instructed by the firm of Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham.

Mr. Jardine said: In this case, I think your lordships will be relieved from the necessity of a further consideration of this appeal. As your lordships are aware, this was a suit for the restitution of conjugal rights brought by the husband against his wife, who has, from the commencement, uniformly resisted all the attempts of the husband to induce her to live with him as his wife. So far as the Courts are concerned, the law has been against her, and a decree has been passed ordering her to return to him. When the appeal came before your lordships the other day, I said that your lordships would, no doubt, affirm the decree of the lower court on the main question; and that the only question to be dealt with was, whether or not the order made by Mr. Justice Farran that costs should be paid by the defendant should be upheld. Since then proposals have been made to us.

Mr. Vicaji: By mutual friends.

Mr. Jardine continued: And on behalf of Rukhmabai I have seen my way to accept them. I would, therefore, ask your lordships to pass a consent decree in these terms:—"Defendant undertaking to pay Rs. 2,000 to plaintiff in satisfaction of all costs, within a fortnight from to-day. The decree of the lower court affirmed; plaintiff undertaking not in any way to execute the decree nor in future to assert any claim by suit or otherwise as a husband against defendant's person or her present or future estate. Appellant to have leave to withdraw the moneys or Government paper lodged in court as security for the execution of the decree of the court below and of the costs of the appeal."

Mr. Vicaji said: For the respondent I assent to the terms my learned friend has proposed. I may say that the proposal, though it was a wise one, did not emanate entirely from us; but the arrangement was brought about through the assistance of mutual friends. It must, however, be understood that if, within a fortnight from this date, the money is not paid, the decree is to be executed in the ordinary manner. The suit was originally raised, in order that it might be decided whether a Hindoo husband was entitled to a restitution of conjugal rights. That point has been decided in the plaintiff's favour; but since the defendant has apparently no affection for the plaintiff, I think he has acted well in determining not to press his claim further.

Their lordships passed a decree in accordance with the terms which had been agreed upon.

OPORTO DISASTER RELIEF FUND.

The honorary secretary, 3, Mody Street, Fort, acknowledges with thanks the receipt of the undermentioned remittances:—

	Rs.
Senhor F. Meyrelles de Castro (Consul for Portugal)	125
Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Co., (through Hon. F. Forbes Adam, C. I. E.)	50
Mr. Charles Lowell	10

THE POONA SEASON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 5.

The heavy rain of the past week has awakened Poona into activity. The season proper begins on Saturday, the 7th, when the Court mourning will be over, and his Excellency the Governor will hold a Levée in the Council Hall. On the following Tuesday evening Lady Reay receives visitors at Gunesh Khind. Between twelve and two the rush of carriages is incessant, for everybody is calling upon everybody, and devoutly wishing everybody out. Poona has grown to such an extent that calls to be made may be counted by hundreds, and it would perhaps be kind and considerate if old residents were systematically "Na hi," so that the visiting might be done to a certain extent by an exchange of cards. New comers could see and be seen so as to be known. There is a general grumble about the labour of calling, yet no one suggests any practical remedy.

Not much is going on at present, but the air is full of rumours of a bright future. Entertainments of various kinds are in preparation, the first on the list being a Poudrè Ball at the Gymkhana, which takes place on the 9th. On the 14th an Amateur performance of scenes from the "School for Scandal" will be given at the Gymkhana, the first attempt in Poona's theatrical experience of representing a classical play. May it be a success and the forerunner of many others of the same class, play-goers pray.

Later on there will be entertainments to raise funds for charitable purposes. On August, the 4th, a grand Concert will be given in the Assembly Rooms in aid of the Seamen's Institute in Bombay, when Mrs. Carruthers, Poona's favourite vocalist, will sing, and on the 14th and 15th of August there will be a Fancy Bazaar in aid of the Bishop's Schools' Endowment Fund, the object being to place these excellent schools, which educate at nominal fees the European poor and middle-class children of Poona, on a permanent footing. The schools make no appeal to the charitable in an ordinary way, and, it is hoped, that on this account as well as on many others, the bazaar will be liberally supported. The Reverend Mr. Cane, the honorary secretary, who devotes so much time and labour to the interests of the schools, has to raise Rs. 5,000 a year, a large sum, to meet a grant of Rs. 5,000 offered by Government.

The bazaar is under the patronage of H. R. H. the Duchess of Connaught, and of Lady Reay, and Government has lent the Council Hall for the occasion. Fancy articles and toys of various kinds will be for sale, Mrs. Pottinger, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Mackenzie, Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. Heaton, and other ladies having kindly promised to take stalls. The 3rd Cavalry will perform a musical ride, but the great attraction will be a mounted tournament, which Captains Hamilton and Phayre have kindly undertaken to get up. Such accomplished horsemen are sure to make the exhibition a success, notwithstanding its novelty. Refreshment stalls, flower stalls, fish ponds, and all the ordinary agenda of a fancy bazaar will complete the entertainment, which, it is hoped, will approach in popularity Lady Reay's Bazaar held in Bombay a few months ago, which raised such an immense sum towards the Lady Dufferin Fund, and that it will, in like manner, swell the Bishop's Schools' Endowment Fund.

WILL ENGLAND RETAIN INDIA?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—It is really to be regretted that Mr. Meredith Townsend in his recent solution of the most important and interesting problem of the day "Whether England will retain India?" should have exhibited total ignorance of India's feelings towards Englishmen and formed conclusions so completely in contradiction to easily ascertainable facts. No doubt, the appearance of the article in the *Contemporary Review* and the discussion following upon it, both in the English and vernacular journals, may produce certain sensation and excitement in some uneducated and rude quarters; but to the educated natives, those who can reason and act, the conclusions of the English politician seems strange and exhibiting an amount of diffidence. I consider it a duty of every loyal native, and one who has some opportunity of knowing the innermost feelings of his countrymen, that he should lay out the views that he holds in common with them.

Mr. Townsend's propositions that the British Empire in India is built on no foundations, that it hangs in air, and that it might collapse like a house of cards, are themselves based on nothing. He starts with an assumption that there *does* exist an *innate* antipathy between the brown and the white, and that the brown are always ready to avail themselves of any opportunity to clear their accounts by [illegible] means true. I appeal to Mr. Townsend's good common-sense, and ask him whether, if he were placed under the same category, if India, instead of being governed by England, had governed England as kindly and mildly, he would feel discontented with the difference in their skins? Upon him I think the humanitarian side of Christianity would have some influence. Why, then, the same noble and admirable qualities of equality and absence of race feeling should be presumed to be wanting in the children of this soil which has produced some of the greatest philosophers and preachers in the doctrine of equality and sameness? The historical evidence seems to lead us to the same conclusions. Under the Persian, Macedonian and Mahomedan rules, none of which is not foreign, the Indians have never manifested signs of inward discontent on account of race feelings. If there was any discontent, it was owing to the agressive and cruel practices of the invaders.

Here his *a priori* reason fails. The benevolent nature and the enlightened spirit of the present administration are keenly appreciated by the natives, who are fully conscious of the fact that they have obtained religious, political, and moral liberties, security of person and property, equality of justice and an intellectual regeneration at the hands of Englishmen. This sense of obligation and gratitude is sufficient in my opinion to obliterate the existence of any such feelings of antipathy.

Assuming that this feeling of antipathy does exist, Mr. Townsend argues that if the brown men struck for a week the Empire would be at an end and every Anglo-Indian would be a brown man's prisoner. And why so? Because, he says, that the Indians are more regardless of death than themselves (the English), and that they outnumber the civil and the military force of the English. Mr. Townsend here is again making two arbitrary assumptions. He is betraying a total ignorance of the national character of the Indians when he says "that they are more regardless of death than themselves." Who, if he has ever set foot in Bombay or elsewhere in India, or come into contact with any native, has not marked the crouching spirit of the Hindoo, never desirous of leaving his own parental hearth, never embarking upon any perilous adventure, and always taking a hopeless view of things?

Mr. Townsend again ought to have seen that it is rather the quality than the quantity that decides the power, and it must be said in justice to the English politician here, that he is only belying history when making that enthusiastic assertion of the superior force of the numbers. Mr. Townsend in the latter part of his essay asserts with some force that "to the active classes our rule has been a rule not without prodigious drawbacks." It would be a tedious thing to cite cases which show that after the advent of the British rule, material prosperity has increased, and Indian art and culture, instead of decaying, are receiving and gaining fresh energy. The contrary view taken by him in support of his pessimism is historically falsified. There are few who think of introducing Mr. Townsend's "romance of life" at the cost of the security of their person and property.

Mr. Townsend in another part of his essay says that if the natives are transferred to a native ruler they make no remonstrance. This has no foundation in fact. Everywhere in Native States a cry is heard calling for British administration, the introduction of the English system of jurisprudence and the English reforms. The prosperous condition of their English-ruled neighbours awakens them to a sense of their own inferiority. How absurd, then, it is to say that we want and are desirous to get ourselves transferred to the native yoke!!

Turning, then, from his *a priori* reasonings, he goes to something positive, *viz.*, the mutiny and the Ilbert Bill agitation. Without going into that vexed question of the mutiny and confining myself to the Bill agitation, I find, when looking with a dispassionate eye, that there was no discontent on the part of the natives such as to endanger the safety of the British rule. The natives saw that they were placed on a lower level than was necessary. The moment there was near approach to that level, their ambition was satisfied. The discontent, if at all the controversy can be so named, was only temporary. I may in the end add that the natives—I exclude natives of jingoism—are fully conscious of their intellectual and physical inferiorities, that they look to the English for their future regeneration, and that in the existence of their rule they depend upon existing security and peace. Many will be forthcoming to stand by the white man's side in the hour of trial. To a cultivator as well as to his more active landlord, the *sahib* is the father and his *madhyam* his mother. They are his parents, his *ma-bap*, and he bears infinite love towards them. There may be certain exceptions, but I am speaking of a majority. I conclude with an expression of the common wish of my countrymen "for ever shine this rule" (*amar tapo a raj*).

July 5. A NATIVE OPTIMIST.

Floriline!—For the Teeth and Breath—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thorough

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r the case-law and
the book-law is ripe for codification depends for its solution partly on the fullness or deficiency of the material composing that branch of the law, and partly on the extraneous condition and general progress of Hindu society. The continuous activity of courts in the administration of law has the decisive effect of diminishing in process of time the practical utility, if not also the precise extent, of the book-law by means of daily accretions to the case-law. The latter being evolved out of the former, and being at the same time declaratory of what is and is not law renders a direct reference to the book-law on points covered by the case-law, a cumbrous and inconvenient process. Hence, the superior utility in modern times of the case-law to the book-law as a guiding key to the law of the day, even in those cases in which the modern exigencies of changed society have not displaced or superseded the book-law. The total number of reported cases in Hindu law, now in force in the Bombay Presidency, leaving the unreported ones out of account, may be taken, at an outside estimate, to be about 1,900 or 2,000, up to date, of which more than 1,700 alone are cited by Sir Raymond West in his last edition of the Digest, 1884. If since the introduction of British rules of judicature, the case-law has come to embrace about 2,000 decisions at the present day, can the number of new arguable points be in future expected to increase indefinitely? If the future of Hindu society be disturbed by unknown and unforeseen circumstances, of which no warning note has yet been sounded, it is difficult to say what is in store for either the case-law or enacted law of the Hindus. But speaking with fair regard to human probabilities, and assuming that Hindu social phenomena will in future keep to the same normal lines of advancement which they have heretofore done, the number of future cases, far from remaining in the same ratio as the average of the past years, will tend to diminish (*ah*). If, therefore, the case-law, with its 2,000 cases, be not now deemed to be ripe for codification, it will scarcely be in a better state hereafter. The law of negociable paper in England was contained in 2,500 cases before 45 and 46 Vic. c. 61 was passed (*ai*). The case-law, if codified, would in one or two enactments, so far as the Bombay Presidency is concerned, make a clean sweep of a considerable body of old *placita* of uncertains sound in Hindu law, without annihilating the utility of the decisions themselves. These, in crucial cases, would be added as "imperial resorpts" (*aj*) to illustrate the enacted provisions. The *residuum* of the book-law, which will remain, may safely be left to stand the gradual test of time. The law-courts may be left to fix and give the *imprimatur* of law to such *placita* as may be evoked as binding authorities before them in ordinary suits or, if the operation of those *placita* be sought to be ascertained apart from the fate of those suits and under the direct control of the Legislature, the Arnould-Commission which ended in the enactment of the Parsee laws, and the Melvill-Commission, which has proposed for legislation the Khoja laws, are familiar and recent precedents. There seems to be no lack of excellent materials now available for the purpose. New and revised translations of portions

CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

THE cricket of the week ending 15th June was remarkable for several very extraordinary performances both in bowling and batting. Surrey, so far, stands the premier county of the nine leading county teams, having a record of five matches won with none lost or drawn. The following statistics speaks for itself :—

	Won.	Lost	Drawn.
Surrey	5	0	0
Lancashire	1	1	2
Gloucestershire	2	1	2
Kent	2	2	0
Derbyshire	2	2	0
Middlesex	2	3	0
Nottingham	2	2	0
Yorkshire	2	2	0
Sussex	0	3	2

A sensational bowling performance by William Anderson, of Gateshead, in a match against Sussex, deserves very prominent notice. Bowling for Durham, Anderson was responsible for eight wickets, and caught the other two, having bowled 16 overs and 2 balls for 18 runs. This recalls a somewhat similar feat by Dr. W. Grace in the annual M. C. C. *vs.* Oxford University, two years ago, when after scoring over a century, he took the ten Varsity-wickets. In Anderson's case the ground was greatly in his favour, but still such an analysis deserves every praise. It is strange though, that in the second innings, he did not come "off" at all, and only took one wicket for 67 runs in 24 overs. Sussex did as it liked with the bowling, and won the match by 237 runs. Barlowe (Lancashire) also made a good analysis against Gloucestershire. 5 wickets for 13 runs.

The Australians somewhat retrieved their lost ground during the week by drawing(though somewhat unfavourably) with the Cantabs, and defeating the Oxonians by 74 runs, and obtaining the chances of a possible victory over Middlesex, which match commenced, in bad weather on Friday.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY *vs.* AUSTRALIANS.

The game was very uneventful beyond a couple of very brilliant batting displays by Mordaunt and Kemp, in the first and the latter,and Buxton, who captained the Light Blues, in the second innings. The Colonial Captain, M'Donnell, played once more, and handled the willow in his usual style. He had met with an accident to his hand a couple of weeks previously, and had to "look on." M'Donnell's 66 included eight boundary hits, and his 49, not out, of the second innings, was well played. When, in the second turn, 5 wickets were down for 144, Kemp and Buxton having just been dismissed after an invaluable stand, Gosling partnered with Ford, some good cricket was shown. The latter went in for a triplet of boundary hits, from the first of which he should have been caught at long-off by Lyons. At luncheon the total stood at 169 for five wickets. After the interval a boundary hit came from both men, following which Ford might have been stumped. He made no more, however, for two overs later he was bowled for 25. Six for 186. Woods quickly got to work, and sent Turner away for 4 ; but now Gosling should have been run out if Jarvis had held the ball. The Anglo-Australian hit up the 200th run at ten minutes past three, and immediately afterwards out Ferris to the boundary, but two overs later he skied one to cover-point, and retired for a quickly-made 18. Ferris's next ball defeated Gosling for 20. Meyrick-Jones and M'Gregor added two dozen, the old Marlburian finding openings twice to the boundary, and the freshman getting one through. M'Gregor was then bowled, and, Bailey being absent, the innings terminated at 3-50 for the substantial total of 232, which left the Colonials with a requirement of 209 to win—a task that was not within the range of probability with only two hours and a half before them. Ferris five wickets cost 89 runs, and Turner got two for 74. Bannerman, who started with M'Donnell, quickly put on four 4's, but then returned one to Ford. Trott appeared, and the score was carried on by 83 points, notwithstanding several bowling changes, among which lobs were tried by Woods for half a dozen overs. At six clock Trott was caught at the wicket for a well-played 37, and play then ceased, the match being drawn. The Colonials wanted 194 to win and had eight wickets in hand. M'Donnell played a fine not out innings of 49. Score :

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.

R C Gosling, b Turner	0	b Ferris	20
H J Mordaunt, b Turner	78	run out	5
C A Trouncer, b Ferris	21	c Ferris, b Bonnor	21
G F Vernon, b Trott	64	b Ferris	56
C D Buxton, c Bannerman, b Ferris	30	b Ferris	40
C Thornton, c and b Trott	13	b Turner	10
F G Ford, c Lyons b Trott	8	b Ferris	25
[illegible] Woods, c Jarvis, b Ferris	28	c Worrall, b Ferris	18
[illegible] Jones, c Bannerman, b Ferris	8	not out	12
[illegible], c Bannerman, b Ferris	33	absent (hurt)	0
H Meyrick, not out	10	b Turner	11
	B 17, l b 8 ..	25	B 6 l b 6, w 2 ..	14
	Total	332	Total	232

AUSTRALIANS.

P C M'Donnell, c Ford, b [illegible]		not out	49
[illegible]			
[illegible]			37
[illegible]			
[illegible]			
[illegible]			
[illegible]			
[illegible]			
[illegible]			
	B 1, l b 1	....	2
	Total	....	104

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
[illegible]	6	3	9	0	Lyons	11	2	34	0
[illegible]	23	7	79	5	Worrall	3	1	7	0
[illegible]	34		88	3					

Second Innings.

[illegible]	54.3	25	74	2	Trott	13	5	20	0
[illegible]	38	26	89	5	Bonnor	7	6	35	1

Bonnor bowled two wides.

AUSTRALIANS—First Innings.

[illegible]	42	8	117	2	Mordaunt	12	3	31	1
[illegible]	40	16	77	5	Hale	13.1	4	36	1

Ford bowled a wide.

Second Innings.

[illegible]	19	1	54	0	Mordaunt	3	1	5	0
[illegible]	16	6	34	1	Buxton	4.2	2	9	1

Umpires—Thoms and Carpenter.

AUSTRALIANS *vs.* PAST AND PRESENT OF OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

The Australians commenced the eleventh match of their tour on Monday (11th.) on the Essex County ground at Leyton against a team of Oxonians made up of men now in residence and four past members of the University. The latter were Messrs. Buckland, [illegible] Thornton, and Collins, of whom the latter had never obtained their "blue." There was a slight [illegible] from the advertised list, Lord George Scott and H. J. Cochrane taking the places of W. H. [illegible]son and the Hon. F. J. N. Thesiger. The [illegible] was beautifully fine, and the attendance large. The Australians, who had lost the toss in their last two matches, now proved successful, and, electing to bat, sent in Bannerman and M'Donnell, the latter being Cochrane and Buckland. The commencement augured badly for the visitors, as M'Donnell was caught at the wicket by Phillipson at 8, and later Trott was run out. This ill-fortune did not continue long, however, as, until the Australians [illegible] were hours and three-quarters on the [illegible] The partnership was that between Bonnor and [illegible] who added 71 between the fall of the third and fourth wickets. Bonnor, who opened very quietly, [illegible] just an hour and a half, and was top scorer [illegible]. He never gave a chance, and hit cleanly [illegible]. His score was made up of four 4's two 3's, [illegible] 2's, and singles. Jarvis occupied just under two hours in completing his 39. As will be seen from the [illegible], Collins bowled with marked success.

The Oxonians went in for two hours' batting, the [illegible] being Turner and Ferris. They made a worse [illegible] than their rivals, as Thornton was bowled [illegible] at 4, and Ferris hit Scott's wicket when the [illegible] record amounted to 8. Buckland and Rashleigh [illegible] then associated, and by good and plucky hitting [illegible] greatly improved the aspect of affairs. Trott [illegible] Ferris, and Buckland should have been [illegible] off him at deep mid-off when he had scored 39. [illegible]wards neglected the opportunity. The pair [illegible] 56, when Buckland was stumped for a capital [illegible] of 43, which included a 5 six 4's, two 3's, and [illegible] he had been batting fifty minutes. Rashleigh [illegible] at the wicket an hour and thirty-five minutes [illegible] 33, which included a 5, and six 2's ; but [illegible]son, Watson, and Nepean gave no trouble, and [illegible] stumps were drawn at 6-30, the Oxonians were [illegible] bad, and had only three wickets to fall.

Tuesday the cricket was very slow, but some high batting was seen. Leslie batted for an hour and [illegible] minutes for 62,obtained in the old Oxonian's best [illegible]. Collins came in next, and made another stand [illegible]roome, 200 being hoisted at 125. One notice- [illegible]om was a square leg hit clean out of the ground [illegible]ome off Bonnor. 47 had been added after the [illegible] the eighth wicket, when Collins was stumped. [illegible]ne succeeded, but after playing an hour and [illegible]hree minutes for 47 Groome succumbed to [illegible] and the innings closed for 248. The Australians, who were in a minority of 72, opened their [illegible] innings with McDonnell and Bannerman. A [illegible]ood start was made, Collins, Coohrane, Buckland, Nepean, and Groome all having a turn with the ball. The deficit was knocked off and 16 runs added when M'Donnell was caught at cover point. During his stay he had played faultlessly, his cutting and timing being especially noticeable. His score of 46 included six 4's. Bonnor gave little trouble, and after playing a very fine game for 43 Bannerman, who had been in two hours and a quarter, was caught at the wicket. During his stay he hit three 4's, five 3's, and three 2's. Bonnor, Jarvis, Blackham, Turner, and Worrall formed the numerous charges. The seventh batsman left at 184 or only 92 on, and the speedy termination of the innings looked certain. Edwards and Trott, however, played up pluckily and, although the light got very bad, caused all sorts of changes in the method of attack. Another 36 were added, and then Trott was splendidly caught at cover, all, for a very useful 43. Rain now began to fall heavily, and the stumps were drawn, some eight minutes before the stipulated time.

The defeat of the Oxonians was mainly due to Edwards and Ferris, the not outs of Tuesday, adding 75 for the 9th wicket in the second innings, and the capital bowling of Turner who took 6 wickets for 59 runs, delivering his last 11 overs (10 maidens) for 2 runs and a wicket. The slovenly fielding of the University men also had something to do with their defeat, as, besides missing several chances, they threw away a lot of runs. The weather again proved de-

lightfully fine, but the attendance fell far short of expectations.

AUSTRALIANS.

			Score:
P S M'Donnell, c Phillipson, b Buckland	4	c Cochrane, b Croome	46
A C Bannerman, b Cochrane	25	c Phillipson, b Nepean	43
H Trott, run out	0	c Watson, b Croome	40
G J Bonnor, b Collins	65	b Cochrane	11
A H Jarvis, b Collins	39	st Phillipson, b Nepean	8
J M'C Blackham, b Collins	10	b Nepean	9
C T B Turner, c Croome, b Buckland	4	l b w, b Nepean	2
J M Edwards, b Collins	1	not out	50
J Worrall, c Thornton, b Collins	9	run out	4
J J Ferris, c Watson, b Collins	5	c Buckland, b Nepean	36
J J Lyons, not out	1	c Rashleigh, b Buckland	11
B 8, l b 5	13	B 19, l b 3, n b 1	23
Total	176	Total	292

OXFORD.

Rev R T Thornton, b Turner	3	b Turner	11
Lord G Scott, b Ferris	2	b Turner	1
W Rashleigh, b Ferris	33	c Jarvis, b Turner	17
E H Buckland, st Blackham, b Trott	43	b Trott	19
A K Watson, b Turner	0	b Turner	0
H Phillipson, b Ferris	7	l b w, b Turner	29
C F Leslie, c Jarvis, b Bonnor	62	st Jarvis b Trott	3
F G Nepean, b Turner	0	c M'Donnell, b Trott	11
A C M Croome, b Ferris	66	b Ferris	4
W E W Collins, st Jarvis, b Trott	13	b Turner	5
A H J Cochrane, not out	5	not out	14
B 5, l b 8, w 1	14	B 5, l b 1	6
Total	248	Total	146

AUSTRALIANS—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Cochrane	17	6	37	1	Croome	4	1	8	0
Buckland	29	9	73	2	Collins	24	7	35	6
Nepean	6	0	15	0					

Second Innings.

Collins	31	16	43	0	Nepean	34	8	83	5
Cochrane	30	12	46	1	Croome	25	10	39	2
Buckland	50	26	56	1					

Collins delivered a no-ball.

OXFORD—First Innings.

Turner	23	9	39	3	Trott	17	1	68	2
Ferris	35.1	15	51	4	Bonnor	11	4	23	1

Bonnor delivered a wide.

Second Innings.

Turner	51	27	59	6	Trott	12.2	5	35	3
Ferris	36	18	46	1					

Umpires—Thoms and Nicholas.

MIDDLESEX *vs.* AUSTRALIANS.

With Webbe unable to play owing to an injury to his hand, Buckland away, and Lucas and O'Brien still absent, to say nothing of Stoddart, the Middlesex side for this match which commenced at Lord's on Thursday, could not be termed a representative one. The Australians, who are still suffering from Jone's enforced absence, left out Lyons. Very little play took place at the start owing to rain. During the hour and three-quarters that play was possible, Middlesex, who won the toss, were all disposed of for the insignificant total of 68, the top scorer being Walker with 19. He played very good cricket during his brief stay, as did Vernon for 15 ; but Robertson's runs were obtained somewhat luckily. There is simply nothing further that can be said about the cricket, except to call attention to the analysis of Turner and Ferris who, on the sticky wicket, were nearly unplayable. Score :—

MIDDLESEX.

J G Walker, b W G Grace	07	b W G Grace	4
A J Webbe, c Bush, b Newnham	19	run out	48
S W Scott, b W G Grace	2	c W G Grace, b Roberts	26
E M Hadow, l b w, b W G Grace	3	c Bush, b Roberts	16
G F Vernon, c Brain, b W G Grace	4	b Roberts	4
P J De Paravicini, c Painter, b Radcliffe	42	c Bush, b W G Grace	0
J E West, b Newnham	83	b W G Grace	14
J Robertson, c W G Grace, b Roberts	10	b Roberts	5
Burton, c Bush, b Roberts	10	c Griffiths, b W G Grace	4
E T Welman, not out	16	c Bush, b Roberts	5
Dunkley, b Newnham	0	not out	0
B 11, l b 4	15	B 8, l b 3	11
Total	201	Total	137

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

W G Grace, b Webbe	25	not out	7
E M Grace, l b w, b Robertson	31	not out	9
Painter, c Webbe, b Dunkley	150	c Welman, b Robertson	0
W Troup, c Hadow, b Webbe	64		
O G Radcliffe, b Dunkley	4	c and b Burton	8
J H Brain, b Robertson	19		
A Newnham, b Robertson	0		
G Francis, c Walker, b Robertson	23		
E L Griffiths, not out	24		
J A. Bush, c Webbe, b West	16		
Roberts, c and b Burton	1		
B 19, l b 4, w 2	55	B 4, l b 2	6
Total	409	Total	30

MIDDLESEX.—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Roberts	40	13	82	2	Radcliffe	22	4	60	0
W G Grace	35	21	37	4	E M Grace	4	1	7	0
Newnham	11	1	34	3					

Second Innings.

W G Grace	37.1	23	33	4	Newnham	5	1	24	0
Roberts	32	12	69	5					

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings.

Burton	63	28	99	1	West	12	7	28	1
Dunkley	38	15	67	2	Paravicini	4	1	14	0
Robertson	51	24	80	4	Hadow	8	4	17	0
Webbe	31	12	69	2					

Dunkley and Webbe each bowled a wide.

Second Innings.

Burton	6	3	13	1	Robertson	5.1	2	11	1

Umpires—Jupp and Henty.

SURREY *vs.* CAM. UNIVERSITY.

Surrey commenced its match against a Cantab team on the 14th Friday, in very bad weather,at Kennington Oval. Altogether the rain robbed the game of three hours' play, Surrey were the first to bat, and mainly by the grand defence of Abel, who was not out at the drawing of stumps for 146 ; the home side scored 272 for five wickets. Shuter batted well for 53, and hit seven fours, a three, and four twos ; but W. W. Read and K. J. Key were dismissed for 4 and 9 respectively. The fielding of the Light Blues during the day was very creditable, M'Gregor keeping wicket in excellent style. Score :—

SURREY.

Abel, not out	146	K. J. Key, c Buxton, b Mordaunt	9
J. Shuter, c Gosling, b Woods	53	Lohmann, b Woods	22
C. A. Trouncer, c Thomas, b Ford	7	Wood, not out	28
W. W. Read, c Meyrick-Jones, b Mordaunt	4	B 3, w 1	4
		Total	272

M. P. Bowden, C. Mills, Beaumont, and Bowley, to bat.

The Cambridge University eleven is as follows :—C. D. Buxton, F. Thomas, F. G. J. Ford, H. J. Mordaunt, G. M'Gregor, S. M. J. Woods, E. A. de Little, A. L. Watson, E. M. Butler, R. C. Gosling, and Meyrick-Jones.

Umpires—Carpenter and Clayton.

THE PARSEE TEAM IN ENGLAND.

The following is the account of the continuation of the match the Parsees played at Leyton against the Gentlemen of Essex :—The opening match of the Parsees' tour ended in a draw, though had there been another quarter of an hour the visitors would in all probability have been beaten in one innings. Messrs. Schultz and Higgins, who became partners when six Essex wickets were down for 203, made a long stand, and were not separated until the total was 422. Mr. Schultz was then out for 143, in which were a five, fourteen fours, and five threes. Mr. Higgins carried out his bat or 101, which included three fives, six fours, and four threes. Both these gentlemen played excellent cricket. On the Parsees going in Mr. Cooper made 78 in good style by a five five fours, four threes, twos and singles, and the visitors just saved the game, the last two batsmen being together at the call of time. The play was interrupted by rain. Full score :

PARSEES.

	First Innin s.	Second Innings.
Mr M E Pavri, b Schultz	5	c and b Womersley 14
Mr D F Kanga, c Boyton, b Schultz	12	c Boyton, b Sewell 17
Mr D E Dubash, b Bishop	26	b Womersley 19
Mr H P Cooper, c Fowler, b Bishop	78	c Boyton, b Sewell 78
Mr D S Mehta, b Bishop	10	b Bishop 23
Mr J M Morcenas, c Sewell, b Francis	2	l b w, b Fowler 9
Mr N C Sapasola, b Francis	0	b Bishop 2
Mr M D Kanga, c Womersley b Schultz	14	ran out 13
Mr D C Pundole, c and b Sewell	17	not out 1
Mr D N Writer, b Sewell	7	not out 8
Mr A D Vatcha, not out	3	b Sewell 2
B 10, l b 5	15	B 8, l b 4 12
Total	194	Total 203

ESSEX—First Innings.

Mr H Boyton, c M D Kanga, b Pavri	79
Mr R P Sewell, b M D Kanga	50
Mr F A Bishop, b M D Kanga	11
Mr D Womersley, b M D Kanga	10
Mr S S Schultz, st Vatcha, b M D Kanga	143
Mr H Fowler, b Pavri	12
Mr H R Bazot, ran out	16
Mr G F Higgins, not out	101
Mr H H Francis, c Vatcha b Dubash	1
Mr G Palmer, c M D Kanga, b M Kanga	6
Mr C E Green, st Bapasola, b M Kanga	0
B 13, l-b 5	18
Total	447

The Parsee cricketers, who opened their campaign at Leyton on Thursday last, have as far as they have gone, we are glad to learn, been enjoying themselves thoroughly in London. They were present on Saturday week, the 2nd ult., at the ground of the Richmond Athletic Association, on the occasion of the University College School Sports, and the kindly thought of Mr. Edwin Ash improvised for them a special sprint race, which was won by Mr. P. D. Kanga. On Wednesday of last week, the 6th, through the courtesy of the Hon. Chandos Leigh, several of them were present at the House of Commons, and Sir Spencer Ponsonby Fane having interested himself in their behalf, they are to have the opportunity of visiting Windsor Castle on Saturday next. The team are to commence their third match to-day, June 14th, at Richmond against the Gentlemen of the District, and to-morrow evening the grounds of the Richmond Athletic Association are to be illuminated, and a *fete* given in honour of our Indian visitors. Mr. Bapasola, who left several days after the rest of the party, travelled overland from Brindisi, and arrived in London on Thursday, 7th, morning early, just in time to meet his mates at Liverpool Street Station on their way to Leyton to commence operations.

The following is a list of matches the Parsees play during this tour, we have given above an account of their first, a draw, with the gentlemen of Essex.

JULY.

6—Portsmouth	v.	United Services.
9—Rochdale	v.	Gentlemen of District.
13—Manchester	v.	,, Longsight.
16—Stoke-on-Trent	v.	,, Staffordshire.
18—Glasgow	v.	,, West of Scotland.
20—Bury	v.	,, District.
23—Liverpool	v.	,, Liverpool.
27—Lord's	v.	,, Marylebone Club.
30—Northampton	v.	,, Northamptonshire

AUGUST.

3—Bournemouth	v.	Gentlemen of District.
6—Norwich	v.	,, Norfolk.
8—Cambridge	v.	Univ. Long Vacation Club.
10—KenningtonOval	v.	Gentlemen of Surrey.
13—Eastbourne	v.	,, Eastbourne.
17—Leyton	v.	Eleven of Public Schools.
20—Lord's	v.	Gentlemen of Marylebone Club.
24—Selhurst	v.	,, East Surrey.
27—Scarborough	v.	,, Scarborough.
31—Bridlington	v.	,, District.

SEPTEMBER.

4—Birmingham	v.	Gentlemen of Warwickshire.
6—Leicester	v.	,, Leicestershire.
10—Buxton	v.	,, North Derbyshire.

All these matches are to be played for two days.

SPORTING NOTES.

From the Indian Planters' Gazette.

"HORSES won't pull if they are not pulled at" is an old saying, and it is amply proved by the fact that the once determined puller, Red Gauntlet, may be seen on the Calcutta *maidan*, ridden by a lady, and moving in all paces in the most temperate manner.

Pony-breeding is apparently looking up in Australia, as we see that the champion pony stallion, Uncle Tom, has been sold to Mr. R. J. Gilbert for the respectable sum of 212 guineas. This pony is only 12 hands high, and descended, we believe, from pure Exmoor stock.

"S. H." writes us from Poona :—"In your last issue you write against my contention as to Arab ponies now having no chance in the pony races at Calcutta. Last year they contended against 13-2 Country-breds, giving them 10lbs. only, and against English and Walers at even chances. This year they will have to give Country-breds of 13-2 not 10lbs., but generally 15lbs., and still some will have to run against 13-3 ponies, as Lady, &c., giving them 3lbs.—(Lady, report, I believe not quite true, states, was, once a pet [illegible] charge)—again last year they met English and Waler ponies on even terms, now they have to give 9lbs. On what grounds therefore do you base your argument, that because Arabs won four and Walers three last year, that under so different terms they have as good a chance as before ? It is quite possible that a marvel like Rex may turn up, but even then, such would be beaten if forced to give 9lbs. to a Waler like Bob or 15lbs. to a Country-bred like Lucky Boy, Lady, &c. The fact remains, as it was stated, that the pony stakes are a prize to the one or two rich stables in Calcutta who can afford to have agents on the look-out in Australia, and that Arab ponies are completely out of it."

Prospects of the first class racing in India, during the coming season, scarcely look as black as was prognosticated early in the year. The safe landing of Morpheuse ; the purchase by Lord William Beresford, shortly after his arrival in England ; Of Fullerton, a horse, certainly very nearly among the top flight, and by many pounds the superior of any English horse ever yet imported into India, show that the big wigs of our turf mean business. In addition to these we have still among the large racing stables a sufficiency of [illegible] whose owners will not fear is already noticed ; and besides these our irrepressible friend, Mr. Weekes, has never yet selected such an exceptionally fine batch of horses as those which he has this year purchased to bring to Calcutta. We have carefully notified each purchase worthy of mention, made by this enterprising dealer, and we only hope he will be sensible enough to land his valuable batch early in August, and moreover engage a thoroughly competent man to look after and prepare each horse for the clase of race in which it is best qualified to run. Weekes has a natural eye for a horse, and has moreover brought out the best Australians, with one or two exceptions, ever seen in the country ; even his cheap ones generally turn out gallopers. But he runs two-thirds of his shipments by trying to boss the whole show himself ; and the sooner he learns that as a trainer he is a consummate failure the better. In addition to the horses we have already chronicled as purchased by him for India, he has, we see, lately bought the well-known grey colt Achmet by Argus Scandal-Hippona. This is a very warm colt at short distances, who, if well looked after, should prove a mine of wealth at the Calcutta meeting, for he has travelled 5½ furlongs with 6st. 10lbs up in 1 min. 12 secs. If Weekes can be persuaded to attend to the sale portion of his business only, in which he is *facile princeps* and will bring out a careful trainer and leave him alone, and not take out his horses and gallop them up and down the *maidan* for every cockney who comes in and says he wants to buy a race-horse, he has a shipment this year good enough to do credit both to Australia and himself, and in handicaps to make even Fullerton look out for his laurels. But the sportsmen we have so far mentioned do not mean all the competitors for high honours during the coming year. We must not leave out of the betting those excellent horses imported last year by the Jodhpore Princes, and so cleverly managed by Captain Warner. If Lord Harry and Campsile have not been messed about during the off season in the usual silly way which characterises the Jodhpore management, they will take a lot of beating whenever they come fit and well to the post. A few private importations both from England and Australia are whispered at. The Country-breds are yearly improving in quantity and quality and the fields for this class promise to be larger than ever this year. Ponies, alas that it should be so, promise to be as numerous of Norfolk Howards in a Margate lodging-house. A lot of supposed hopeless duffers are being trained for hurdles, so that these events should fill well. Arabs alone show little promise of giving us good sport, and steeplechasing, we fear, is scarcely likely to give good results.

Pachmarhi as a sanitarium is all that is beautiful and good. The only drawback to the place is the necessity of allowing one's hair to grow Tennysonially. For Pachmarhi does not boast of a barber. So when a man becomes hirsute beyond recognition he wends his way Bombay Yacht Clubwards, that being apparently the nearest place where hairdressers hang out. We owe this explanation to our sporting readers for the delay in publishing the correct card of the last Pachmarhi regta. The honorary secretary has been having his hair cut in Bombay since the meeting. When he returns,he will send us a correct account.

As there appears to be a difference of opinion between naval and military authorities as to the probable time required to embark and disembark an army intended for the invasion of England, a correspondent sent to an English journal an extract from Alison's "History of Europe" detailing the arrangements which were made by Napoleon, in 1805, with this object in view :—

"Between the 23rd August and 1st September the troops were daily exercised, in embarking and disembarking in the Bay of Boulogne and at length acquired the most extraordinary perfection in these difficult operations." The following passage from Marshal Ney's memoirs contains some curious details on the subject :—"The instructions of the Emperor were so luminous, minute, and precise as to give the inferior commanders nothing to do but to follow them out specifically. To ascertain the time required for the embarkation, Marshal Ney distributed the gunpowder, caissons, artillery, projectiles, and stores on board the transports provided for that purpose, and he divided that portion of the flotilla assigned to him into sub-divisions ; every battalion, every company, received the boats destined for its use ; every man, down to the lowest drummer, was apprised of the boat, and the place in the boat, where he was to set himself. At a signal given, Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery were at once put under arms, and ranged opposite to the vessels on board which they were respectively to embark. A cannon was discharged, and all the field officers dismounted and placed themselves at the head of their respective corps ; a second gun was the signal to make ready to embark ; a third, and the word of command, 'Colonels, forward!' was heard with indescribable anxiety along the whole line ; a fourth, which was instantly followed by the word, 'March!' Universal acclamations immediately broke forth : the soldiers in perfect order hastened on board, each to his appointed places, in ten minutes and a-half twenty-five thousand men embarked. The enthusiasm of the men knew no bounds ; they thought the long-wished for moment had arrived, but at the next signal the order to disembark was given, and they were made aware that the whole was only a feint to try the rapidity with which the movement could be performed. The relanding was completed nearly as rapidly as the embarkation—in thirteen minutes from the time the soldiers were on board they were drawn up in battle array on shore."

A SCOTTISH MINISTER'S LOVE STORY.

JUDGMENT went by default against the defender in the Forfar Sheriff Court in an action for £1,000 damages for breach of promise of marriage at the instance of Miss Maggie Simpson, 4, Park Terrace, Dundee, against the Rev. James C. Jack, minister of the parish of Kingoldrum, Kirriemuir. According to the pursuer's condescendence, while residing in Glasgow the defender regularly corresponded with the pursuer by means of letters, and in these letters he almost invariably spoke of his affection for the pursuer, and renewed to her again and again his promise of marriage and professions of love in writing.

HIS "POETIC IMAGINATION."

On the 20th December 1885 he wrote her in these terms :—

Now, having got through with all particulars, I will come to yourself. I am deeply sorry to hear of your taking my absence so much to heart. You say, "Will the old times not come back ?" No, Maggie, the old times will never come back, but I do hope that brighter and better times will come, when I shall see you not only for a few nights a week, but live with you all the week. Keep up your spirits a little ; something will surely turn up for the Townhead assistant within a twelvemonth or so, and then we shall see something. I wish you were just here, and I would soon kiss your tears into smiles. Dont be laughing at my poetic imagination, because I mean what I say, and I think I could do it. You seem to have been inspired for a time. You have written me a very sweet and long letter, but I must not let any body see it, and remember my own letters are strictly private. I think of you often, even in the crowded streets of Glasgow, and I do wish that something would turn up, though it were only for your sake. However, I really think that that something is nearer than it was some weeks ago. Because I think Townhead is a step in that direction, and I have no doubt that when it next apply for a vacancy I will have a better chance of the lect. So that, though it looks curious to say that I separated from you in order that we may be more closely united, still it is true. That is how I look at it, and you have no idea how it cheers me up. You should expect great things of me. You should trust and rest in me. Let your heart go out to me to its fullest extent, and never fear, because I have every confidence in you. I believe you will be faithful to me, and so long as you are that never fear, because it is the only thing that can really separate us.

"WHAT A STRANGE THING LOVE IS!"

On 5th February 1886 he wrote as follows :—

My Dear Maggie.—I feel more and more that you are necessary to my happiness, being like a part of myself. You see I know you so well, I love and trust you so much. It is nice to have one that you can trust in. It would be an awful blow if you were to prove false, but perish the thought—perfect love casteth out fear. I am glad to hear that you went up to see my people. It is a link between you and me. . . . I know very well that you belong to me, body, soul, and spirit, so to speak, and I am not one to lightly value the love which you have given me. I am the richer for it, and you my pet are none the poorer. What a strange thing love is! The more you give the more you get. You empty yourself in order to be filled. What a world of peace and joy within a man or woman's heart ! How it inspires, ennobles and purifies a human being ! How it lifts us up above this vain world's empty glare, giving us a piece which money cannot buy. How it fills the soul and speaks of Heaven ! Do you ever think of the great future which lies before us ? I do not mean in this life only, but in the life to come.

"MY PET!"

On the 27th February 1886 he wrote as follows :—

I have just got my discourse finished, and I think that I could talk and talk to you for a long time. I suppose, my pet, it would just be the old, old story which you have heard so often, and which you are never tired of hearing. You see the subject is practically inexhaustible. One has only to look at 1 Cor. xiii. to see what power is in human hearts. I think that you and I know something of that power. It should be love and not charity as our English Bible has it ! What a grand thing it is ; No transitory infatuation that comes and goes like a summer wind. It is an ever-faithful senti